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The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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AMERICAN WARSHIPS IN BIG NAVAL BATTLE

German U-Boats Sunk Or Captured

ENCOUNTER OFF COAST OF ICELAND

(From Our Correspondent).

LONDON, November 16.

Amid an atmosphere of enthusiasm and greater confidence over the repeal of the U.S. Neutrality Act, comes the news from New York of a big naval battle between U.S. warships and German surface and submarine raiders.

According to the New York "Daily Mirror," this battle took place off the coast of Iceland in the Norwegian approaches to the Russian Arctic ports.

BIG NAZI LOSSES

A number of U-boats were either sunk or captured. U. S. warships also either sank or captured a new type of German ship—Mosquito boat carrier. These vessels carry a flotilla of small but fast torredo launches which search vital shipping lines around Iceland. This vessel is guarded by U-boats which, it is said, attacked American ships when they approached.

MAJOR CLASH IN PACIFIC IMMINENT

WELLINGTON, Nov. 16.

A major clash may occur any moment in the Pacific, declared the New Zealand Finance Minister Mr. Nash, broadcasting on the common defence policy of Australia and New Zealand, and giving the impressions of his visit to Australia. He had the conviction that Australia's military preparedness would be a powerful, perhaps the decisive factor in withstanding any challenge to the survival of freedom and democracy in this quarter of the globe. Japan had joined the Axis camp and was seemingly committed to a policy of aggressive expansion which Australia and New Zealand could only view with the gravest concern.—Reuter.

NO CAUSE FOR GLOOMY APPREHENSIONS!

Democracies' Successes Make Nippon Furiously To Think

SYDNEY, Nov. 15.

Sir John Latham, the Australian Minister to Japan who has been called home for consultation arrived to-day (Saturday).

Sir John Latham said: "Many think a war in the Pacific to be inevitable. While I recognise the danger of prophesying, particularly at present, I am unable to share these gloomy apprehensions. Successes by the Democratic Powers not by the Axis have caused the Japanese to ask themselves whether they did not make a mistake in entering into the Italo-German Pact".—Reuter.

AHMEDABAD STRIKE PREPARATIONS

Detailed Instructions To Volunteers

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 16.

Brisk preparations for a general strike are being made by the Labour Association. Volunteers have been enrolled and they were given detailed instructions to-day regarding the conduct of the strike for which a day will be fixed by the Secretaries of the Association on return from Wardha where they have gone to consult Mahatma Gandhi.—A. P.

Emden And N. W. German Ports Raided

"The last night aircraft of the bomber command, in spite of heavy cloud and severe icing conditions, attacked Emden and other ports in North-West Germany", says an Air Ministry 'communique'.

"The docks at Boulogne were also bombed, and mines laid in enemy waters. Four of our aircraft are missing."—Reuter.

German Bomber Shot Down

LONDON, Nov. 15.

A German bomber was shot down into the sea on the east coast of England by a British fighter this morning.

FREE-FRENCH CHARTER

De Gaulle Outlines Aims Of Movement

LONDON, Nov. 15.

General De Gaulle, surrounded by members of the French National Committee, addressed 5,000 of his countrymen at Britain's premier meeting place, Albert Hall on Saturday afternoon, when he outlined the Free French Charter as follows:—

(1) To carry on the war by every possible means;

(2) To enable the people of France to speak freely, to say what they think and what they want and

(3) Under the motto of Liberty, Equality and Fraternity when the war ended, every Frenchman shall be free to work and think in freedom and dignity.

General De Gaulle, after going over the events of the war and saying that the Free French alone represented the real spirit of France, added that the time might well come when the Germans would begin to feel victory to be impossible and Italy, in the words of Byron, the unhappy mother of a dead Empire, may also have lost all hope.

General De Gaulle paid a tribute to the unflinching energy of Great Britain and said that on the evening of the last day of the last battle, Free France and Free French would be by her side.

R. A. F. Attack On North-West Germany

LONDON, Nov. 16.

R. A. F. bombers attacked targets in northwest Germany last night, it is learned in London.

Occupied territory was bombed by the R. A. F. to-day according to an Air Ministry 'communique' which states "aircraft of the fighter command have carried out offensive patrols over Northern France to-day. A successful attack was made on a factory near Dunkirk by hurricane bombers. Spitfires attacked a number of other targets setting fire to a factory near Berck peninsula. A goods train, enemy troops and gun positions were effectively machine-gunned. Two of our fighters are missing."—Reuter.

Enemy Air Activity Over Britain

LONDON, Nov. 16.

Enemy activity over Britain was again slight, according to an Air Ministry "communique" which states, "in the early part of last evening a small number of single aircraft dropped bombs at few widely separated towns on the coast of England and Scotland. These caused slight damage and no casualties."—Reuter.

Prof. R. B. Phadke, Secretary of the Maharashtra Militarisation Board, and Mr. B Gogte, who had been on a propaganda tour of the Ratnagiri District, have returned to Poona.

General Winter Assumes Command!

Nazi Soldiers Frozen To Death: Tanks Also Freeze Into Ground

Russians Take Offensive In Several Sectors

Enemy Drive In Region Of Tikhvin Held

MOSCOW Nov. 16.

The Soviet midday communique reports fighting during the night on all fronts.

Within one day air units operating on the southern front brought down in air combats nine enemy aircraft, destroyed 30 German tanks, about 100 trucks with military supplies, several armoured cars and many carts, and annihilated about 1,500 Fascist soldiers, states a supplement to the Soviet communique.

London Nov. 16:—The Moscow radio said today that the Russian winter is coming into its own again on the whole of the battle-front. German soldiers have been frozen to death and enemy tanks frozen into the ground.

News reaching London indicates that snow is falling in the Crimea for the first time this year. If this reaches any appreciable depth, it will greatly help the defenders of Sebastopol.

GERMAN CLAIM

LONDON, Nov. 16.

A German High Command communique says that in attacks on Sebastopol German troops have captured a strongly reinforced and stoutly defended fort. The Luftwaffe is giving support to the fighting around Sebastopol and Kerch by attacking fortifications shipping and port installations.

The 'communique' adds that a Soviet gunboat and two troop transports received bomb hits and that in the Tikhvin battle zone 113 fighting positions have been captured.

Reds' Offensive

MOSCOW:—Intensification of operations in the various sectors with Soviet troops wresting the initiative from the enemy more and more despite furious German attacks is reported by "Izvestia's" special correspondent, who says that along the whole front the Germans continue to build fortifications and machine-gun posts.

Describing a series of local Soviet successes the correspondent says that the enemy was forced to retreat in several sectors on Friday and Saturday, Soviet armies capturing about a dozen villages.

Nazi Drive Held

KUJBYSHEV, Nov. 16

The German drive in the northern direction in the region of Tikhvin, South-east of Leningrad has been held, but German pressure is continuing, states the latest report. The Germans have cut the Leningrad-Vologda railway which is a communication line of great importance. The German twelfth mechanised division was twice thrown out from an important "inhabited place", and suffered heavily in men and materials.

On Central Front

On the central front the position has been unchanged in the past few days. The Germans have been held at Kalinin and Volokolamsk, while the Tula front stands despite pressure from the north-west and south-east. Soviet resistance in the south-west and south stiffens from day to day and week to week, and for the Germans, Italians and Rumanians in the Don Basin it is a dreary hard progress from one flooded coalpit to the next wrecked factory. Any hopes the Germans had of a swift move from the Don Basin and of by-passing Rostov have already proved false, and the frontal move from Taganrog remains halted as it was a week ago.—Reuter

REDS RECAPTURE VILLAGES

LONDON, Nov. 16.

Fighting was continuous here throughout Saturday and during Saturday night, Zeharkin's men resumed the advance capturing still another village.

In the Mojaisk sector Commander Govarev's troops recaptured three villages while Rokossovsky's troops fortified the position they had recently captured.

In these engagements the announcer declared, Russian artillery destroyed three mine-throwing batteries, and a large column of lorries while Russian aircraft destroyed 20 German tanks and 60 lorries.

From other areas intense artillery duels and vigorous reconnaissance activities are reported.—Reuter.

REDS' COUNTER-ATTACKS

LONDON.—The Russians on the Moscow front have launched counter-attacks in order to forestall a German offensive, the Moscow Radio announced on Sunday. In Commander Zaharkin's sector a number of villages were captured after strong German resistance was overcome, and were held despite fierce German efforts to restore their original line.—Reuter.

Series Of Soviet Successes From Arctic To Southern Front

LONDON, Nov. 15.

A series of Soviet successes from the Arctic to the southern front is announced by the Moscow Radio to-night.

An enemy attempt to cross to the shores of the Rybachi (fishermen's) peninsula to the Murmansk coast in the Arctic has been thwarted. Twenty Axis boats were sunk.

Stubborn fighting is reported on the Karelian front where all fascist attempts to pass to the attack ended in failure. Soviet guns silenced one battery after another.

NAZI LORRIES DESTROYED

Low-flying attacks by Soviet aircraft on the Leningrad front destroyed German columns of lorries containing ammunition and supplies. German losses at the approaches to Tula, 110 miles to the south of Moscow are growing. A German plan for a frontal attack has failed and attempts to attack the Soviet flanks have been unsuccessful.

The Don Cossacks for 35 days have been annihilating the invaders, according to a despatch to Moscow from the Southern Front. Desperate fighting occurred in Zuyevka where the Germans at first gained ground but mounted 'Cossacks' counter-attacked and despite numerical superiority of the Germans, flung them back into the river. The Germans re-attacked and five times Zuyevka changed hands but finally the Germans were sabred or drowned in the river. Three Fascist regiments have been put out of action.

SLOW PROGRESS DUE TO WEATHER!

LONDON, Nov. 15.

A military commentator on the German Radio to-night blamed the "extraordinary weather" for the slow progress of the German forces on the Eastern Front. He spoke of "torrential rains and mud and now high winds which normally do not occur before the middle of January. The progress will therefore be much slower than last summer and the final victory will entirely depend on the morale of German soldiers," he added.

LITVINOF REACHES BAKU

TEHERAN, Nov. 16.

The British Legation here has announced the safe arrival at Baku of the aeroplane carrying M. Litvinof and Sir Walter Monckton and other British official and civilian passengers. They are expected at Teheran tomorrow.—Reuter.

IT'S A LONG WAY TO VICTORY!

Million Married Women Wanted In Munition Works

LONDON, Nov. 16.

THE MINISTER OF LABOUR, MR. BEVIN, DECLARED AT MIDDLESBOROUGH, TO-DAY (SUNDAY) THAT COMPULSION IN ALL DIRECTIONS MIGHT HAVE TO BE CARRIED TO A FAR GREATER LENGTH THAN THE BRITISH PEOPLE HAD EVER KNOWN TO WIN THE WAR.

HE WANTED TO GET AT LEAST ONE MILLION MARRIED WOMEN EITHER FULL-TIME OR PART-TIME IN MUNITION WORKS, DISTRIBUTIVE TRADES OF COMMERCIAL UNDERTAKINGS. HE WANTED TO RELEASE YOUNGER MOBILE WOMEN FROM OFFICES TO FILL SHELLS AND MAKE MUNITIONS.—REUTER.

MR. ANEY ENTERTAINED

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16.

To meet the Hon. Mr. M. S. Aney, the Indian Overseas Central Association gave a tea party this afternoon, which was very largely attended. Sir Homi Mody, Sir Akbar Hydari, Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar, Sir Shadi Lal, Sir Shri Ram, Sir Rahimtoola Chinoy were among those present.

Mr. Aney in reply to the laudatory remarks made by Mr. Jamnadas Mehta said that the new members were determined to do their best.—A.P.

LUCKNOW, Nov. 16.—The United Provinces Excise Supplementary (Amendment) Act 1941, has received the assent of the Governor General.—A. P.

Huq Reiterates Loyalty To League

Working Committee Not To Take Further Action: Explanation Accepted: Govt. Warned

NEW DELHI Nov. 16.

The Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League has accepted the explanation of Mr. Fazlul Huq and decided that no further action is necessary.

LEAGUE EXECUTIVE OPENS SESSION

The meeting of the Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League Council commenced this morning with Mr. M. A. Jinnah in the chair. Fourteen members out of total of 22 were present, notable among the absentees being the two premiers of the Punjab and Bengal.

The meeting 'inter alia' is considering the explanation of Mr. Fazlul Huq, Premier of Bengal, to the charges brought against him by the Working Committee at its last meeting and also the general trend of events in the country.

Huq's Explanation

The Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League concluded its sitting late in the evening.

The Working Committee considered the following letter of explanation of the Hon. Mr. Fazlul Huq dated November 14 received by the Hon. Secretary of the All-India Muslim League:—

"DEAR NAWABZADA,—I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of October 29 forwarding for my information a copy of Resolution No. 2 adopted by the Working Committee of the Muslim League and confirmed by the Council of the Muslim League at meetings of both the bodies held on October 27 at Delhi.

I regret the delay in sending you my reply. It has been due entirely to the poor state of my health and I did not feel justified in replying to a communication of such serious import without giving the matter most anxious consideration.

No one knows better than the President himself that I have always been a loyal member of the League, have never hesitated to carry out its mandates and once a decision was constitutionally adopted by it, have never hesitated to obey it, even though that decision might not personally commend itself to me. If there were any doubts in regard to this point my resignation from the National Defence Council amply proves it.

It is an irony of fate that of all those who have given of their best to build up the only national organisation of the Muslim India, I should have been the object of so much misunderstanding and so much uninformed criticism. It appears that portions of my letter have hurt the feelings of the President and some of my other friends. I convey to them through you my assurance that nothing was further from my intention than to hurt the feelings of or to cast aspersions on any one and I hope that my assurance in this respect will be accepted and the matter considered as closed.—(Sd.) FAZLUL HUQ."

NO FURTHER AGAINST HUQ

The following resolutions were passed:—

"The Working Committee excuse the delay in not sending the reply within ten days on the ground of his ill health as the matter was of such serious import that it required his anxious consideration. The Working Committee note Mr. Fazlul Huq's earnest reaffirmation of his loyalty to the Muslim League and his statement that he has never hesitated to carry out the mandates of the League, the latest instance in proof thereof is his resignation from the National Defence Council in obedience to the decision of the Working Committee. The Working Committee further note his assurance that nothing was further from his intention than to hurt the feelings of or to cast aspersions on the President or the Executive of the League and other concerned; and as Mr. Fazlul Huq requests the Working Committee his assurance should be accepted, it is resolved that no further action should be taken in the matter."

EXPANDED EXECUTIVE

"The Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League regret that the British Government has not only failed to accept the offer of co-operation made by the Muslim League by its resolution dated June 17, 1940 but in utter disregard of it, it has expanded the Governor-General's Executive Council by associating with it persons representing no body except themselves. This ill-advised and unfair action on the part of the Government in the opinion of the Committee, was due to the fact that the British Government was not prepared to concede the just demands of the Muslim League even when the Congress Party was engaged in obstructionist tactics and civil disobedience and refused to even consider any agreement within the framework of the present Constitution and Law without the approval and consent of the All India Muslim League and once more warn the Government that any action in this connection without the approval of the Muslim League will be deeply resented and the responsibility for the consequences that may ensue will be entirely that of the Government."

By another resolution the Working Committee appointed Nawab Ismail Khan, Mr. Hussain Imam, Sir Nazimuddin, Kazi Mohammed Isa and Nawabzada Liaqatali Khan to form the Parliamentary Committee as required by a resolution of the Working Committee meeting held at Madras in April 1941.

A Sub-Committee consisting of Nawab Ismail Khan and Nawabzada Liakatali Khan was set up to consider and decide the appeals to the Working Committee from the various branches of the League organisation.

RELEASE MUSHRAQUI

The Working Committee wish to draw the attention of the Government that the prolonged and indefinite incarceration and detention without trial of Allama Mushraqui is causing grave concern not only to the members of Khaksars organisation, but to the Mussalmans generally. In view of the changed situation, the Committee urges upon the Government of India to reconsider their policy and release Allama Mushraqui without delay.

INDO-CEYLON RELATIONS

Another resolution passed by the Working Committee says: "The Working Committee are of the opinion that some of the proposals contained in the joint report of the Indo-Ceylon Exploratory Conference are open to serious objection and adversely affect the rights of Indians in Ceylon. The Committee call upon the Government that such modifications as would guarantee and ensure those just rights of Indians should be made in those proposals before any action is taken in the matter.—A.P.

44 Nazi Aircraft Destroyed

MOSCOW:—Soviet night 'communique' states "on November 15 our troops fought the enemy on all fronts. On Nov. 14, 44 German aircraft were destroyed. We lost ten aircraft. Four German aircraft were brought down near Moscow on November 15.—Reuter.

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ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (———), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responbility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted Matriculate Rajput Bride for Government Officer. Apply Post Box 6541, "Bombay Chronicle." (6541)

Introductions for Matrimony, Friendship, Trade other 431 hobbies arranged by Globe Introduction League of Agra and Hyderabad Deccan. Central office, 3442, Chilli-Int. Agra, Members 11698 (Both). Secretary, Mrs. Shaabdane. (15303)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Candidates. Apply—Principal, Gujarat Telegraph College Umreth. (15361)

Wanted Enamel Expert for Enamel Ware Factory, to be started soon in Lahore, Foreign qualified or equivalent must be a practical man on a decent salary. Apply soon to Messrs. Ghulam Nabi & Sons, Mayo Road, Lahore. (6544)

Journalists, Cartoonists, Agents, Publishers (no remuneration), Patrons, wanted for labour journal starting. Box No. 15321, "Bombay Chronicle." (15321)

Wanted Loco Drivers, outstation holding second class boiler attendant's certificate (Trolly Line). Apply Box 15357, "Bombay Chronicle." (15357)

Wanted capable people to sell our renowned NU Gold ornaments. Apply for a sample set comprising of (Ear-ring, Rings, Bangles and Pendant etc.) worth Rs. 30- supplied at sample price of Rs. 5- NU Gold Works Limited, The Mall, Lahore. (6472)

Wanted: Candidates For Station Master and Signaller's course, scholarship Rs. 50 and Railway fare terms. Free quarter. Apply with 2 annas stamps to The Director All-India Railway Routine Training Institute, Delhi. (15173)

Wanted a Stenographer on a starting salary of Rs. 60|- p. m. in the grade of Rs. 40-4-80-5-100. Matriculate and L.S.G.D. preferred. Apply to the President, Parle-Andheri Municipality, Vile Parle, before 23rd November, 1941. (6532)

43. SITUATIONS WANTED

High Class Tutor (B.A.B.T.) of Princes in Hills wants job in Plains' Ruling or Aristo family. Good Secy. and sportsman. Apply No. 15361A, "Bombay Chronicle."

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Influential Agents to purchase Tower Brand Washing Soaps, Cash. Apply the Baku Soap Works, Matunga, Bombay 19. (15285)

651. MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

"Vasthu Sastra" tells much about Hidden treasures in your house Consult with stamps: Prof. Pakala, P. B. 309, Madras. (15345)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

GENTLEMEN of the COMMON JURY, summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend at the High Court on Monday, the 17th November, 1941, at 10-45 A. M. (S.T.).

T. SINCLAIR KENNEDY,
Sheriff of Bombay.
Bombay, 15th November, 1941. (6543)

SHREE SAJJAN MILLS, LIMITED RATLAM.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ELEVENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company, will be held on SATURDAY, 29th November, 1941, at 3-30 P.M. (S.T.) at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 28, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

(1) To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Balance Sheet and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 1941.
(2) To sanction the declaration of a Dividend.
(3) To appoint Directors in place of those who retire by rotation, under Article 111 but are eligible and offer themselves for re-election.
(4) To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.
(5) To transact such other business as the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from SATURDAY, 22nd November, 1941 to SATURDAY, 6th December, 1941, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
GOPALDAS LILADHAR & CO.
Managing Agents.

RATLAM,
Dated 2nd Nov., 1941.

N.B.—The Dividend when sanctioned will be made payable at the Mills premises, Ratlam, on and after 8th December, 1941 between the hours of 11 and 4 P.M. (S.T.) to those Shareholders whose names stand on the Register on 21st November, 1941.

Auction Sales

PUBLIC AUCTION SALE by order of the parties concerned of a collection acquired from known families comprising valuable Majolicaware, old Chinese porcelain, marble figures, silverware and other objects of decoration and presentation.

Sale on WEDNESDAY, the 19th November, 1941, at 3 p.m. at the Room of the undersigned.

On view from 11-30 a.m. to 5-30 p.m.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
123, Medows Street, Bombay.

GANDHI & CO.
Government Auctioneers.
No. 72, Medows Street, Fort,
BOMBAY:
Tel. No. 24927

AUCTION SALE OF 301 BALES GREY DOSUTI CLOTH.

Messrs. GANDHI & Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 20th day of November, 1941 at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.) at the corner of Champa Gully, opposite Dharamraj Lane, Mulji Jetha Market, Bombay, by order of Messrs. Malvi Ranchhoddas & Co., Attorneys for Messrs. Tillockchand Kalyanmal & Co., the Selling Agents of the Kalyanmal Mills, Limited, of Indore and on account and at the risk of The Delhi Textile Co. (of Nicholson Road, Delhi) the defaulting Purchasers:—

301 Bales Dosuti Cloth Grey No. G. D. C. size 40 inches x 40 yards each bale containing 20 pieces. (The above goods are according to Government Specification).

Goods will be sold subject to delivery at Indore Railway Station

Terms:—25 Per Cent Deposit.

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Earn Rs. 126|- with guarantee with a nominal investment of Rs 12 within any six days. See M. Sorabji, Nawab Building, 327, Hornby Road, Opp. Thos. Cook. (15358)

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF INTESTATE AND UNCLAIMED PROPERTIES.

Under instructions from the Commissioner of Police, Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on SATURDAY, the 22nd November, 1941 at 2 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at the Police Commissioner's Office, opposite Arthur Crawford Market, all the Intestate and Unclaimed Properties such as new and old clothes, utensils, jewellery, etc

The above will be on view on the sale day and cash will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.

MENESSE & CO.

MENESSE & CO. will sell by public auction on MONDAY, the 24th inst. at 3 p.m. at 67 Clare Road opposite American Bakery, 1/4 & 1/2 Tons Ice Plants, Refrigerator, Kelvinator, Ice cream, Ice Candy Sets, Tricycles & Parts, Corked Boxes, Iron, Furniture, 5, 5, 6 H.P. Crude Oil Engine &c.

MENESSE & CO.

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Minerva's Great Historical

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Director: SOHRAB MODI

11th WEEK 11th

MINERVA

To-day & Daily 3 Shows at 4, 7 & 10 p.m.

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RANJIT'S GREAT HIT

SASURAL

Directed by: C. DOSHI

CAST

MADHURI, MOTILAL, NURJAHAN

Daily at 4, 7, 10 p.m.

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NEW EMPIRE

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Robert MONTGOMERY

in the most laughable, most lovable, most memorable comedy hit of the year

HERE COMES MR. JORDAN

laughs by the million, with this fine cast:—

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A Columbia Super

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How To Be Happy WHEN MARRIED? THOUGH MARRIED?

ROYAL JEWEL No. 16.

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Tells You How To Be HAPPY AFTER MARRIAGE

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Daily: 4, 7, 10 p.m.

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Fiction's most colourful detective goes into thrilling action in A.E.W. MASON'S best-seller

AT THE VILLA ROSE

Starring

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ALL STAR SUPPORTING CAST

33 RD WEEK

DALSUKH PANCHOLI'S

Khazanchi

THE MERRIEST MUSICAL OF 41

KRISHNA

DAILY 4, 7, 10 P. M.

SAT., SUN., MATINEE AT 1 P. M.

Held over 5th Week

IMPERIAL

Daily: 4, 7, 10 p. m.

The picture all women should ask their Husbands to witness—

Gharki Laj

'SUNRISE' picture—'Anand' Release

TO-MORROW (Amas) Matinee at 1 p.m.

Daily at 4, 7, 10 p.m.

Anjan

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Gay Comedy Romance

AT

ROXY

Meet PREM ADIB

The star now in the news.

IN PRAKASH'S

DARSHAN

CAST:

JYOTI, BHUDO ADVANI and others

LAMINGTON TALKIES

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An Evergreen Release

SUMPTUOUS SCREEN-FARE!

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"ROMANCE PLUS REALISM"

A 'WINAYAK' PRODUCTION.

2nd Glowing Week

NEW WEST END

MARATHI: 4, 7 P. M.

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REGAL At 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

NOT A HORROR film but quite an AMUSING comedy!

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GANDHIAN SOCIALISM FOR INDIA

Wanted Planned Socialist Economy To Better Workers' Lot

BOMBAY, Saturday.

"Only socialism can solve the unemployment problem of the world" was the subject of a public symposium at Blavatsky Lodge this evening, with Mrs Violet Alwa in the Chair.

Miss Perin Nariman who opened Symposium, said that capitalism with its enormous organised production and inefficient distribution was a passing phase. So long as private profit was the motive for all industry and enterprize; not only was it not possible to avoid unemployment, but the greater evils of war and empires could not be eliminated

Enough was being produced in the world by the labour of men and women. On the one hand there was over-production of the necessities of life, and on the other, hunger and starvation of millions. Only a planned Socialist economy, in which inequities were removed and the means of production passed into the hands of the workers themselves could the situation be improved

Swami Acharya said that Gandhism included socialism in it and the only type of socialism which could be applied to India was Gandhian socialism.

Mr. Khaidaman Singh expressed his belief in Christian Socialism and that Christ was the first Socialist

Mr Adam Adji said that individual, national and racial exploitation could only lead the world to increasing chaos. Socialism meant planned economy and rational distribution. The capitalist phase which was strangulating itself was leading towards Socialism.

Mr. R. P. Acharya expressed the opinion that Socialism did not imply either Christian charity or the conception of trusteeship On the other hand, it implied the elimination of human exploitation to satisfy the greed of the few, and the re-arranging of world economy on a more intelligent and saner basis.

Messrs. Patel, Mohan Nadkarni, Ratlivala, Aurangabadkar and others also spoke

Mrs Violet Alwa in her closing remarks, said that it was the duty of the Indians first to think in terms of the freedom of the country and the question of economic readjustment could come later

DIVORCE SUIT DUE TO LIFE SENTENCE ON HUSBAND

DHUBRI, Nov 14.

Before Mr. A. Hussain, First Class Magistrate, an interesting divorce suit was filed by one Harenessi Bibi, wife of Jaffar Khan, now an Andaman prisoner, praying for dissolution of marriage under the Muslim Dissolution of Marriage Act, 1939, on grounds of separation from husband consequent on long-term imprisonment and absence of provision of maintenance for her.—United Press.

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EVERY BOY AND GIRL MUST HAVE PHYSICAL TRAINING

Thana Exhibition And Education Week

(From Our Correspondent)

THANA, Saturday.

"Every school boy and girl, even of the poorest classes, should have the opportunity of getting physical training within half-a-mile of their homes The future of the country lies with the youth and necessarily their physical well-being is of prime importance. The aim of education should be to produce as complete men and women, physically as well as mentally and morally as it is possible for average human beings to become. This can only be done if due attention is paid to physical education. Every local authority must be compelled by law to provide sufficient open spaces and playing grounds in every part of a city or town. So far in the field of physical education whatever has been done has been done for the benefit of the richer and middle classes. The need of boys and girls of the poor especially of those living in villages have been sadly neglected. This defect can be remedied if there is organised effort on the part of the State and local authorities to carry out a planned programme of recreation and physical education. Efforts such as Thana's "Physical Education Week and Exhibition and the lectures arranged are indeed commendable and deserve to be followed by other cities and towns. Physical training was till lately a neglected affair but thanks to the efforts of the Congress Ministry and especially to the initiative of Mr B. G. Kher, ex-Premier of Bombay, the Kandivli Institution for Physical Training was opened and the same has been doing yeoman's service to the cause of physical education. I would like to see the "Akhadas" of old encouraged and supported but without the tinge of communalism

The defects in the present day system of education which does not give sufficient importance to physical education are too patent for me to recapitulate and hence the need of such "Physical Education Week" celebrations is all the greater. I wish the "Week" a great success."

With these words, Mr S. A. Brelvi inaugurated to-day at the Divecha Town Hall, the "Physical Education Week" arranged by all the schools and gymnastic institutions of Thana.

The Hall was packed to capacity with boys, girls and invitees.

Mr. B. H. Taraporewala, President of the Thana Municipality, commenced the proceedings by introducing the guest.

After Mr. Brelvi's address was over, he was taken to the Kesarwadi where he opened the "Physical Week Exhibition."

The guest was then shown round the numerous charts about games.

A vote of thanks by Mr. N. T. Kelkar, terminated the function at the Divecha Hall, after which the guest along with a host of boys and girls as well as the organizers, walked a distance of about three furlongs to open the 'Exhibition.'

SIR A. CHATTERJEE

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, Nov. 14.

Information from London shows Sir Atul Chatterjee has been appointed provisionally High Commissioner for India in London pending permanent appointment.

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BOMBAY & SUBURBS

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Kartik Vad 13, 1998
Muslim: Shavaal 29, 1360
Parsi: Khordad 14, 1311
Sunrise: 6h. 47m.
Sunset: 6h. 1m.
Hightide: 10-0; 23-0
Lowtide: 4-02; 16-24
Municipal Corporation 3 p.m. (B.T).

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.
Common Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

GAMBLING ACT: The Government of Bombay has extended all the provisions of the Bombay Prevention of Gambling Act to Mundargi and Gumgol villages in Mundargi Petha, in the Dharwar district.

AGE LIMITS: The lower age limits for candidates for emergency commissions in the Indian Army Ordnance Corps, O. M. E. and General Duty is now 20 and not 18 years.

DASTUR BODE'S LECTURE AT THE MAZDAZNAN HALL: Dastur Framroze A. Bode will deliver a lecture on "To Hasten The Day of Redemption" at the Mazdaznan Hall, Industrial Assurance Building, opposite Churchgate Station, to-day (Monday), at 6-15 p.m. (S. T.).

THEOSOPHICAL FEDERATION: Under the auspices of Bombay Theosophical Federation the Foundation Day of the Theosophical Society will be celebrated at the Besant Hall of the Blavatsky Lodge at French Bridge, Chawpatty, to-day (Monday) at 6-30 p.m.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, Sunday.
The Governor of Bombay was represented at the "Te Deum" sung at the Church of the Holy Name to celebrate the occasion of the Patronal Feast of His Majesty Leopold III, King of the Belgians.

LATE JEHANGIR BHICAJEE: A public meeting of the friends and admirers of the late Mr. Jehangir Bhicajee (Dalal), J.P., will be held at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institution's Dr. Sir Jivanji Modi Memorial Hall, Fort, on Wednesday the 19th instant at 6 p.m. (S. T.), to place on record the manyfold public services rendered him, Mr. B. N. Karanjia, will preside.

SAFETY FIRST ASSOCIATION OF INDIA: Owing to heavy registration, not only further booking to the 6-day Intensive Civil Defence Course commencing on Monday has been closed, but we have reluctantly had to refuse several applications. In response to several requests a further week's course started on 15th Dec. and applications for admission together with the fee of Rs. 3 should be made early to the Jt. Hon. Secretary, as they will be strictly dealt with in rotation up to the maximum capacity of the Hall.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Sea Wolf". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Hold That Ghost". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Man Power". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"At the Villa Rose". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Here Comes Mr. Jordan" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Swami". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 a.m.
ROXY—"Anjan". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Sangam". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 a.m.
MINERVA—"Sikandar". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 a.m.
KRISHNA—"Khazanchi." Daily at 4, 7 and 10 a.m.
IMPERIAL—"Gharki Laj". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Sasural". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Sant Sakhu". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
CHITRA LAXMI—Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Punarmilan" Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m.
BROADWAY—"Kanchan". Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Topper Returns." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Zindagi". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Darshan". Daily at 4, 7 6-30 and 10 p.m.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

From Andheri comes the news of no contest for the forthcoming election to the Parle-Andheri Municipal Board for the four seats alloted to "E" ward.

It is understood that originals, five candidates, Mr. J. W. Gomes, Mr. M. Patil, Mr. B. A. Mistry, Mr. S. K. Raje and Mr. B. M. Sawant had filed nomination papers but it is privately learnt, that the last named has written to the Collector withdrawing his candidature.

Mr. Sawant, it is also learnt, has not yet written to of his withdrawal to the Municipal Secretary. On his doing so, the four remaining candidates will be declared elected.

Sir Victor Sassoon To Address Journalists

Under the auspices of the Journalists' Association of India, Sir Victor Sassoon, Bart. will meet city journalists for a talk at 6 p.m. to-morrow (Tuesday) in the premises of the Association, Prospect Chambers Annexe, Hornby Road.

RAMAKRISHNA MISSION STUDENTS' HOME KHAR: Applications are invited from college students preferably of junior classes for some seats in the Ramakrishna Mission Students Home at Khar. The Home is fully equipped with modern amiinities. Apply to the Secretary, Ramakrishna Mission Student Home, Khar, Bombay 21 before 20th instant.

BOMBAY CULTURAL CONFERENCE

Mr Jayant Gandhi writes:—
Since you have published a statement by the organisers of the so-called Bombay Students' Conference making malicious propaganda about the Cultural Conference through your paper, in all fairness to the Bombay Students Union I hope you will publish the following answer to the charges in your next issue.

The dates of the Cultural Conference were fixed long before the so-called Bombay Students' Conference was announced; but, as the programme was not complete, it could not be made public earlier. The Conference will have as speakers fifteen prominent personalities from the spheres of art, literature, journalism, education, sports, screen etc., including professors, principals, and some Europeans speaking on culture under Fascism and in Soviet Russia from first-hand experience. There will be some films showing life in Soviet Russia. The exhibition will contain sections on students' art and Soviet Culture organised by the Cultural Society of Friends of the Soviet. There will also be a few items of music and dancing. To call all this a "mischievous musical tamasha" is nothing less than malicious propaganda.

Now to come to the so-called Bombay Students' Union. Upto now, all their attempts to confuse the mind of the student masses were ignored as the innocuous work of a disgruntled minority, but since they have officially taken up an offensive in public, it has got to be met.

By now, everyone knows that at the last All-India Students' Conference held at Nagpur definitely not more than 12 per cent of the delegates walked out to form their own All-India Students' Federation because Mr. M. L. Shah was to be dismissed from the position of General Secretary. This so-called A. I. S. F. has exactly two Unions affiliated to it in the whole of India: the so-called Bombay Students' Union and the Lucknow Students' Federation. Their All-India Students' Federation. Their only in name, just like their Bombay Presidency Students' Federation which has only one Union affiliated to it, the B. S. U., while the real B. P. S. F., has more than 25 Union affiliated to it. The real A. I. S. F., has all the Provincial Federations affiliated to it. In short, the entire student movement in India except a small section in Bombay and Lucknow is behind A. I. S. F., Delhi.

Coming to the position in Bombay proper, it must be admitted that they have a number of school students behind them because the school students cannot be expected to understand the implications of joining their Union. But except for small sections in Elphinstone and Poddar Commerce Colleges, who are with them, they have no hold in any of the 16 colleges in Bombay and Suburbs. The fact that they have not been able to form even a college committee in any college, proves this.

Now to the work of this Union. This is the Union which gave a public call to students to boycott the demonstrations of Convocation Day of which the whole of India is to-day proud; this is the Union which did not take part in the glorious general strike of the next days; this is the Union which did not have a word to say or a thing to do for the Deoli detenus; and this is the Union whose representatives have gone to Principals of Colleges to agree with them that they will not go on strike even if fundamental students' rights were attacked, and that if "the other Union" went on strike, they would oppose it. In short, they are playing the role of Company Unions in labour ranks.

I challenge the officials of their Union and Federation to refute any of these statements.

ELIGIBILITY FOR COURSES OF SECONDARY TEACHERS.

The Government of Bombay has directed that candidates who have passed the "Vinita" examination of the Gujarat Vidyapith or the "Pravesh" examination of the Tilak Maharashtra Vidyanith held before the year 1932, should be considered eligible for admission to the Short Term Courses for Secondary Teachers, provided they possess a workable knowledge of English and are otherwise eligible. Women who have passed the Entrance examination of the Shreemati Nathibai Damodher Thackersey Indian Women's University will also be admitted to the Courses if they otherwise eligible.

On The Air

MONDAY NOV. 17

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)
4-30 p.m. For Indian troops in the Far East. 5 Abdul Latif Khan. 5-20 Idanbaa. 5-35 Purbi on Sitar. 5-45 Ashiq Husain. 6-15 Maqsood Anwar. 6-30 Warriors of Legend. 4. 6-45 For villagers only. 7-45 It has happened. 7-50 Ashiq Husain 8 Idanbai. 8-15 Indian thought through ages. 1. 8-30 Manohar. 8-40 Mannabai. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 Maqsood Anwar. 9-55 Listening post. 10 Abdul Latif Khan. 10-20 Ashiq Husain. 10-30 Mannabai.

Bombay I—Programme

224 metres (1,231 kc/s)
8 a.m. Flute recital. 8-5 News in Hindustani. 8-15 News in English. 8-25 Pandit Rao Nagarkar. 8-50 News in Marathi. 9 News in Gujarati. 9-10 Nisar Ahmad. 9-25 V. S. Mohite. 9-35 Prabhakar Telang. 9-45 Yellapurkar. 12-30 p.m. Devotional Ditties. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Instrumental melodies. 1-10 Gujarati garbas. 1-20 Duet, pad and geet. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch hour music. 4-15 School broadcast. 5 To-morrow. 5-5 Vijay Waman Desai. 5-15 Prabhakar Telang. 5-30 V. S. Mohite. 5-40 News in Marathi. 5-45 News in Gujarati. 5-50 Bhawani on Jaltarang. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Mirabai Bhajan. 6-20 Local news and announcements. 6-25 Local news and announcements. 6-30 Nana Ani Mani. 7 Berlin-na Samachar. 7-15 Kesarbai Bandodkar. 7-35 Picked from pictures. 7-45 News commentary. 7-50 V. S. Mohite. 8 News in Marathi. 8-15 News in Gujarati. 8-30 Sports review. 8-45 At a quarter to... 9 News in Hindustani. 9-15 News commentary in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 War commentary. 9-55 Listening post. 10 Bhajan. 10-10 Gujarti geet. 10-20 Ghazal. 10-30 Marathi pad.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)
8 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-5 Kesarbai Bandodkar. 8-25 to 8-50 As in Bombay 1. 8-50 Dadras. 9 Anant Rao Kerkar. 9-10 to 10 As in Bombay 1.
41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)
12-30 to 2-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1
61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)
4-15 to 5-40 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 5-40 M. Tufail. 5-50 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 Vijay Waman Desai. 6-10 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.
89.15 metres (3.365 kc/s)
7-30 p.m. Commercial news. 7-45 to 8 As in Bombay 1. 8 Pandit Rao Nagarkar. 8-30 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Air Orchestra. 9-10 Kesarbai Bandodkar. 9-30 Mena Silas. 9-45 Tuna Portuguesa. 10 Ruth Saolman and Her Trio. 10-30 Cyril Fletcher. 10-35 Harry Potter.

Bombay Presidency Women's Council

Mrs. Sumud Shah, Hon. Secretary, Bombay Presidency Women's Council, writes:—
A group photograph of members of the Management Committee of the above Council is printed on Thursday 13th November issue of your paper. The caption underneath reads that the Committee had held "an urgent meeting to consider the present political situation in India."
May I draw your attention to the fact, that the members had met that day for a monthly Management Committee meeting where no political item was on the agenda, and that the Council never discusses politics, as party-politics are "not" allowed by our constitution. The Council is mainly for social, educational and civic service to women and children.
I shall thank you to make the necessary correction in the very next issue of your paper, as such a caption leads to misunderstanding and a wrong impression of the entirely "non-political" work of the Council.

Corporation And Entertainment Tax

Mr K. H. Goregaoker writes:—
In reporting my speech at the special meeting of the Standing Committee held yesterday, I find that after stating that I strongly objected to the suggestion of the Chairman to request Government to give to the Municipal Corporation a part of the Urban Immovable Property tax on the ground that if Prohibition failed the tax must go bag and baggage and cannot be considered as a source of revenue under any circumstances, you state towards the end of your report as follows:—
"Or another way was to ask the Government to transfer to the Municipal Corporation the Urban Property Tax wholesale."
I never made such a statement as it would be inconsistent with the view I expressed as above. The tax, which I stated Government should be asked to transfer to the Corporation wholesale, was the entertainment tax, as the Chairman had suggested that Government should be requested to double the tax and give half of it to the Corporation.

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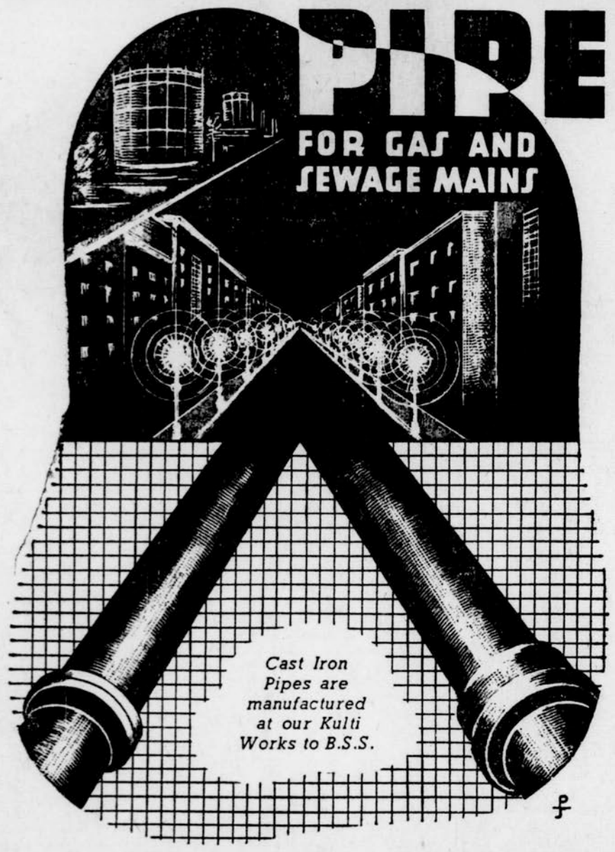

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The Bombay Chronicle

"HINDUSTAN TIMES" CASE

The judgment of the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Collister of the Allahabad High Court in what is known as the "Hindustan Times" contempt of court case raises several important issues about the rights and risks of the Press. The case arose out of a news item published in the "Hindustan Times" in September last on the collection of funds for war in the Sessions Court of Meerut. The news item stated 'inter alia': "The judicial officers all over the province have been, I reliably learn, asked by the new Chief Justice of the Allahabad High Court, who, it is understood, has been requested by his Excellency the Governor, for co-operation in war efforts, to raise subscriptions for the war funds." Commenting on the whole news item the editorial comment stated: "If it is true that the new Chief Justice of the Allahabad High Court, Sir Iqbal Ahmad, in his administrative capacity, has issued a circular to the judicial officers under his jurisdiction enjoining on them to raise contributions to the war funds, then it must be said that he has done a thing which would lower the prestige of the courts in the eyes of the people." Their Lordships have held that the suggestion in the editorial comment read with the news item is that the Chief Justice, at the instance of the head of the executive, is interfering with the course of justice in the lower courts, inasmuch as the persons asked by the judge under orders from the Chief Justice to contribute money will have no alternative but to comply as, otherwise, they may incur the disfavour of the Judge to their own detriment. The probable effect of the news item and the editorial comment, Their Lordships think, will be to impair the authority of the High Court, to lower its dignity and its prestige and seriously to shake public confidence in the administration of justice. The publication of the editorial comment calculated to have this effect, they hold, is a clear contempt of court.

Harsh Sentences

This is an obvious legalist view of the case. And the Editor, Mr Devidas Gandhi, himself stated in the course of the trial that he was "extremely sorry" for the publication of the offending expressions. But Their Lordships, while admitting that "this may amount to an expression of regret", held that it was "not an apology, which is the word in the Contempt of Courts Act". But, surely, commonsense should suggest that words admittedly expressing regret cannot be discussed as not being an apology just because they do not contain the word "apology". And merely because this word is used in the Act it does not necessarily follow that every apology must contain that very word and that no equivalent will do. Secondly, in view of the expression of regret the sentences inflicted are needlessly harsh. Their Lordships justify the harshness by remarking: "We do not feel justified in awarding a light sentence of fine, for we are satisfied from the evidence that they have manufactured evidence for the purpose of their defence." The evidence was necessary to justify or extenuate many things said or done by the respondents, quite apart from the amazing revelations of public importance the evidence made possible. Mr. Devadas Gandhi has done well to prefer imprisonment to paying the fine on the ground that Mr. Singhal, his Meerut correspondent, has not been allowed the option of fine.

Menace To The Press

That leads us to the worst feature of the case. When the Editor and the Printer accepted full responsibility for the publication of the offending passages there was no need for the Court to drag into the case the Meerut correspondent, even if law permitted such a procedure. The correspondent merely supplied material for publication, leaving it to the Editor or his deputy to judge whether in any particular case the material should be published in full or in part or not at all. Even if the correspondent consciously or carelessly supplied incorrect material, he is answerable to his employer for that material. But in any case the Editor, the Publisher and the Printer are responsible for the final publication. If the correspondent also is to be made responsible for it, there may be no end to the process of spreading the responsibility, and to risks thereby incurred by journalists. The conviction of a correspondent is, to our mind, unjust and unfair and an additional menace to the Press.

German Anxiety

More than five weeks have now passed since Herr Hitler announced the launching of "giantic operations" and promised his people and his army that they would soon end in the defeat of the enemy. Incidentally the enemy had already been "defeated" and "annihilated" a number of times—in the East. All that the people have received is a Nazi spokesman's complaint of the appalling weather conditions in the East. For the rest the "enemy" seems to be holding on, except in the Crimea along a line established more or less three weeks ago. Meanwhile the annihilated armies in addition to continuing to exist seem to have begun to receive reinforcements from Marshal Varoshilov and Marshall Budenny and wind and winter are making the life of the Nazi soldier intolerable. This explains the Fuhrer's renewed anxiety to do something before it becomes too late to do anything, but freeze.

Fighting is reported to have flared up on a front from the Arctic to Tula. In the extreme North the objective, we believe, is not only Murmansk but also the forestalling of any possibility of Finland virtually retiring from the conflict, and it will be interesting to know to what extent the Finns are participating in the offensive. Further south the Germans are making reckless and determined efforts to cut Leningrad's communications with the east and with Archangel. This is a serious threat. And so, of course, is the revival of desperate attempts to turn the flanks of Moscow. But the Russians claim that the German assaults have been successfully held. The situation in the Donets basin appears to be more favourable, the Don Cossack cavalry having more than fought Nazi and so-called "allied" forces to a standstill. Substantial achievements are expected by Marshal Budenny's cavalry divisions particularly Cossacks horsemen who are famous in military history for their dash and courage. But it is in the Crimea that the position is positively grave. Every day the threat to north Caucasus grows in imminence and seriousness. Kerch, of course, cannot be saved. The question is whether the Germans are going to be stopped in the Crimea. The Russians must doubtless be making what defensive arrangements they possibly can. But what about the British? It is reported that British Hurricanes flown by Russian pilots have now entered into the struggle on this front. But this is scarcely adequate as aid to the defenders of the Caucasus.

Getting Ready

Today Mr. Kurusu is to hand over General Tojo's letter to President Roosevelt and to apprise the latter of Japan's conditions for peace in the Pacific. These conditions must inevitably be such to render their acceptance by the United States a surrender on its part. The Japanese know this. Hence their new preparations either in the fond hope of frightening America into submission or in realistic anticipation of a show down. In any case, the other side is also energetically pushing on with counter-preparations, the latest instances being the arrival of a Canadian contingent, perhaps a brigade to reinforce the Honk-Kong garrison. If the Japanese choose war they will evidently have it. In this connection it is quite significant that Tokyo has started Bangkok baiting to which the latter is replying in a manner which cannot please the Japanese. But, when all is said and done, it still remains possible that Japan should seek an escape from her dilemma through a total concentration on the "China Incident."

AS I SEE IT

By D. F. KARAKA

I think the letter published in Friday's Half-Column deserves an answer. It refers to the Poppy Day controversy started first in this Half-Column, calling it an effort "to rake up something which would indicate how prejudiced racially the British are...." The writer says: "The main point, in my opinion, of the Poppy Day Appeal letter, is that it is addressed to loyal British subjects, such persons presumably being aware of how much they owe to British soldiers and British rule...."

Now let me make a few points quite clear. To rake up something that would indicate how much racial prejudice the British have is no effort at any time. Let me say as an Indian "with a decent English education" that I feel it deplorable that in many ways Britain has continued to behave towards us even after the war began as it has done. The Hari Singh Gour incident was disgusting. The attitude of South Africa was equally so. The persistence of the authorities, i.e., the Poppy Day appeal is an example of that peculiar, thick-skinned obstinacy to refuse to see that even when Indian blood is being spilt for their cause, their hearts remain as stone-cold as ever. At every stage of the present administration, now that the Congress is safely locked up, we have examples of discrimination which to say the least are unworthy of a people, who are supposed to be fighting for democracy. We are told that the Poppy Day appeal was addressed to "loyal British subjects". If it is the price of loyalty to Britain that in our response to an appeal from them, we have to forget our own men, who are in a similar helpless condition, then this kind of loyalty is not for us. Of a self-respecting Indian no loyalty to Britain can be expected. If that loyalty excludes the right of being loyal to our own people and our own country. We would be the Quislings of India, if our loyalty to Britain took us so far and no decent Englishman in his senses would expect us to stoop to that.

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It is, I agree, unfortunate that an appeal on behalf of the needy in Britain has to be turned down by us. But it is only on a matter of principle. We have answered too many appeals from Britain, without Britain ever answering an appeal of ours. You just cannot have it your way all the time. Someday the worm has got to turn and this present rule is making worms out of many of us. We have given our men, our money, our material in a war, brought about by a foreign policy for which we can take no responsibility. We have shown restraint and refrained from embarrassing Britain in the hour of its greatest need. But for all the things we have done and refrained from doing, Britain as represented by its leading spokesman, has not changed one jot towards us. You have played top-dogs too long—too long for human endurance. You don't expect us to continue in this state of humiliation, which is enforced on us.

The writer of the letter in the Half-Column refers to our being "presumably aware of what we owe to British soldiers and British rule." Don't you think we equally feel the absence on your part of the awareness that the Indian soldier is also fighting in this war and that but for him the Empire of little Caesar would not have been crushed as it has been in Africa and the Middle East. And yet, what have you done to show appreciation of the Indian effort? Do your propaganda, your films, your reports from the front give a sufficient idea of the Indian contribution? Judging from a news-reel shown recently at a local movie-house, there could have been no Indians at Tobruk. Why this grudging to acknowledge the Indian contribution? When Government is spending thousands on war propaganda and publicity, has it made adequate efforts to tell the world about the Indian soldier? These are some of the things we feel strongly about.

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The lesson of the Sale of White Poppies in Bombay should not be lost on officialdom. It is not the money raised that was important. It was rather the support it got from all classes of men that should be an eye-opener to the authorities that their Imperialist policy in World War II is an anachronism, which can not long endure. Public opinion was against the discrimination which Red Poppies made and anyone with the least bit of imagination would have yielded to the request that, in the present circumstances, an appeal on behalf of the British ex-Servicemen alone was tactless and unfortunate, and that such an appeal should be made in the name of all ex-Servicemen if it was to be made at all. Those who wore white poppies on Poppy Day were not only Indians. Among them were some very fine and some loyal Englishmen, but Englishmen who had the generosity of heart and the decency to see that it was not right to exclude those very men who were fighting for Britain to-day. At random the names of Sir John Abercrombie, Sir Alexander Gray and Mr. H. F. Knight come to my mind. But there were many others who showed the same sympathy and this is what should be brought home to men like Col. Hammond, even if he was, as he pleads, acting under instructions. After all it was Col. Hammond over whose signature that appeal came and so in the absence of any other higher authority taking the responsibility, it will have to be Col. Hammond who will have to face the brunt of our criticism. The idea behind White Poppies was not "to alienate your countrymen and mine." That privilege must be reserved for greater statesmen like Mr. Churchill, Lord Linlithgow and Mr. Amery. They have done all the alienating that could be done in one single generation.

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And while we are on the subject of Indians who are constantly being accused of being anti-British, if only because we are self-respecting, what about Englishmen in and out of India who have been proved by their actions and their behaviour to be anti-Indian? While Indians are being locked up under the Defence of "India" Act apparently on these grounds, what about locking up a number of Englishmen in India, who are anti-Indian? After all you call it the Defence of INDIA, don't you? Let us see now how many "loyal British subjects" come forward to support this proposal.

Frankly Speaking

Mid-East Situation

At a press conference at Alexandria, Admiral Cunningham is reported to have made a statement which is both disappointing and rather strange. Referring to the campaign by the Navy and the R.A.F. against Axis supply lines to Libya, he declared that the success achieved was far from adequate. He asserted, indeed, that the sinkings had only "greatly delayed" an enemy offensive in the Western Desert and had by no means prevented the probability of it. Admiral Cunningham thus clearly implies that it is the British who are weak on the Northern African front. This is a little difficult to swallow. Frequent statements have been made during the last few months to the effect that the Middle East has been receiving supplies and reinforcements in an unending and ever-mounting stream, while Axis supplies are being destroyed almost in direct proportion. Are these statements mere propagandist exaggerations? We think not. The British have been hinting at the unlikelihood of any offensive by them. But unless this hint is a smoke screen for an actual offensive, we want to think that they are concentrating their resources for the Caucasian front.

Industrial Research

The Government of India's proposal to constitute an Industrial Research Fund and to give to the fund an annual grant of Rs. 10 lakhs for a period of five years is a very modest one and very much belated. Such a fund should have been started at least twenty years ago. Its need was proved by the last world war and it was beyond the power of any one province. The scientific research in Universities and bodies like the Tata Institute of Bangalore and the Royal Institute of Science, Bombay, is necessarily of an academic character which, though essential, may not lend itself to immediate industrial progress. The present proposal, which seeks to place on a permanent footing the work done by the Board of Scientific and Industrial Research during the last few months, is of a more practical character and is certainly a step in the right direction.

A Niggardly Grant

There is, however, room for fear that the scheme will be unduly restricted to the immediate needs of the war. There is also the fear that it may be neglected after the war. A serious defect in the scheme even with regard to its immediate scope is the niggardly grant made for it. Considering the vast needs of the country, the proposed grant is utterly inadequate. The scheme of providing technical training with the help of a hundred British technicians specially imported from Britain is expected to cost Rs. 3 crores for the period from January 1941 to March 1943, even apart from the cost of equipment. The same generosity may well be shown to industrial research in India, though the experts here are all or mostly Indians.

Nepotism?

Referring to the appointment of over two hundred European women clerks in the Defence Headquarters, the "Hindustan Times" says: "A number of these European women employed in Defence Headquarters on salaries going up to Rs. 300 per month are, it is reported, wives or daughters of high Government officials. Shortly after the outbreak of the war, we were told that a number of women had volunteered their services for war work without any salary. Whatever may have happened to this voluntary scheme, the practice of appointing the wives and daughters of European officials as paid assistants in Army offices has now developed to such an extent that it requires some explanation." The explanation should also state whether the posts in question were duly advertised. The authorities concerned should strive to be above the suspicion of nepotism.

Europeanisation

Indian businessmen have often protested against Government's policy of appointing Europeans to several new and important posts connected with the war. In the Chambers' meeting on Wednesday Mr. J. C. Setalvad, Vice-President of the Chamber, regretted that in spite of these protests things were going from bad to worse and that even the expanded Council of the Viceroy had failed to begin with an all-Indian Secretariat. The fact is that while it is good to have Indians in all Indian posts, it is better for Indians to have the power to fill the posts as they choose.

A.R.P. In Schools

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I think no A.R.P. lectures are given in schools; the danger of War is approaching nearer to India and it is absolutely necessary for the students to know how to behave if the real air attack comes otherwise one school is enough to make a panic in case of air attack. So I wish to draw the attention of all the heads of the schools in this matter.—Yours, etc.

R. W. WAD.

BURMA RICE CONTROL

Indian Delegation's Talks With Rangoon Govt.

RANGOON, Nov. 14.

A Delegation of the Conference of rice merchants in India, Burma and Ceylon, together with representatives of the Government of Burma, including the Premier, the Commerce and the Finance Ministers, the Financial Commissioner and the Rice Controller, had exchanged views on the Burma Rice Control Scheme.

The discussions lasted two and half hours in a spirit of cordiality.

The Indian representatives will be meeting the Rice Controller again.—A. P.

WOMEN CAN KILL COMMUNAL VIRUS

Lady Wazir Hassan Says Follow Example Of China And Russia

LAHORE, Nov. 15.

The need for communal unity for the solution of India's problems and the achievement of her liberation was emphasised by Lady Wazir Hassan, presiding this afternoon over the annual session of the Central Punjab Branch of the All India Women's Conference.

It was unfortunate, she added, that the Indians should break each other's head due to religious differences. She expressed the hope that Indian women could play a great part in bringing about a solution of the communal problem. The speaker appealed to women to educate their children in such a manner that they be free from communal virus.

Lady Wazir Hassan laid emphasis on the need of solidarity among Indian women to achieve their rights. She expressed full sympathy with Russia in her fight with Germany and exhorted Indian women to emulate the example of their Russian and Chinese sisters who are helping their men in maintaining the freedom of their countries.—United Press.

SIR SIVASWAMI ON NON-VIOLENCE

MADRAS, Nov. 16.

"It is a great mistake to believe that the policy of non-violence or non-resistance will enable us to secure our rights, whether as individuals, or as a group of people or as a nation", declared Sir P. S. Sivaswami Iyer, Liberal leader, speaking under the auspices of the Saturday Club, Mylapore.

"I do not think", he said, "there are many people in India who sincerely believe that non-resistance or non-violence will help them to achieve their object". In the existing circumstances of India it might be desirable under certain conditions not to have recourse to violence. But our philosophy was not opposed to the employment of violence for purposes of self-defence. He affirmed that so far as defensive measures were concerned our experience and philosophy all combined to show that it was perfectly justified to have recourse to force.

"The possibility of creating soul force or bringing some other force into existence by suffering or by non-resistance", he said, "is a thing which would hardly commend itself to any thoughtful people".—A. P.

BIHAR GOVT. DROPS KHADI FOR POLICE SHIRTS

PATNA, Nov. 15.

The Bihar Government have decided that while they will accept supplies of Khadi in respect of contracts placed for the current year they will from the next year use mill-made cloth for police shirts.

The decision does not affect the other articles of police or village chaukidars' uniforms for which Khadi is being used.

Giving the reasons which prompted them to take this decision the Government in a Press 'Communique' say that ever since 1939 when Khadi was first introduced in the making of police uniforms and the All India Spinners Association was given the contract for supplying it, they (Government) have been experiencing grave and persistent difficulties in ensuring an adequate supply of reasonably satisfactory uniforms for the police.

There is also, adds the 'Communique', great disparity in the price of mill made cloth and Khadi. Khadi shirts again do not last the required period of one year, the average life varying between eight and ten months. Government have borne a heavy loss for two years in order to give the experiment a fair trial but the time has now come when they must discontinue the scheme.—United Press.

KHAKSAR LEADER'S MISSION TO DELHI

PESHAWAR, Nov. 15.

Mian Ahmed Shah, Khaksar leader, left for Delhi this evening. He said he would try to meet officials of the Government of India in connection with the fast of Allama Mashriqui in Vellore Central Jail.—A. P.

HALLETT HARPS TO AMERY'S TUNE

Slogan Of "Win War First, Then Dominion Status—But After Communal Settlement"

LUCKNOW, Nov. 16.

An assurance, that as far as lay in his power he would do all he could to advance the cause of India towards the attainment of self-government, was given by H. E. Sir Maurice Hallett replying to an address presented by the district board of Basti.

He added: "I know, some who are very distrustful of the promises and statements made by His Majesty's Government and even by H. E. the Governor-General of India or the Prime Minister of Great Britain. I cannot myself see that that attitude of distrust is justified. It has been made clear that Great Britain is pledged to the grant of Dominion Status within the British Commonwealth of Nations within as short a period as possible. It has also been made clear that the decision as to the future constitution of the country must rest with Indians themselves.

Two points seem to me to be abundantly clear. One is that as long as we are engaged in a life and death struggle with Hitler no radical changes can be made. Further, till that struggle is over and till peace has been restored to this harassed world, we cannot foresee what conditions will prevail at the end of it."

OLD TUNE

"But there are some problems which arise which might be capable of some form of tentative solution even during the stress and turmoil of war", proceeded Sir Maurice. To put the matter frankly, the main point to be decided in any future constitution of India is how the conflicting interests of communities, castes and classes can be reconciled. It is, I think very regrettable that there is very little sign of any attempt on behalf of the leaders of the various communities, classes and castes in India to get together and discuss in a friendly and outspoken manner the problems which must inevitably arise.

Over the framing of a new constitution "I need not say any more on this point, for the first of all matters is to see that this war is won, for if Hitler were to win, the interests of various communities, castes and classes would receive no consideration. Everybody would be a slave of the Nazi regime. Words such as Dominion Status, liberty and religion would vanish from our vocabulary," he said.—A. P.

TÊTE-À-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT.

CAIRO, Nov. 15.

The Maharaja of Bikaner, who is visiting the Middle East, inspecting the troops and seeing conditions, attended the opening of the Egyptian Parliament to-day.—Reuter.

* * * *

Comrade Jamnadas M. Mehta told an anti-Fascist audience at Delhi that Gandhism was "dishonest Fascism" and Fascism was "honest Gandhism".

You doubtless feel like asking Comrade Mehta what exactly he thought he was talking about.

But you needn't. The er—anti-Fascist was only being himself.

* * *

An Allahabad report suggests that His Excellency Sir Maurice Hallet, Governor of the United Provinces, threatened to resign if political prisoners, particularly Jawaharlal, were released.

Evidently, His Excellency thought that, in that case, he would have no "raison-d'etre".

* * *

War Cabinet Minister Greenwood welcomes the disappearance of the Neutrality Act as ending Hitler's hopes of winning the Battle of the Atlantic.

Admiral Cunningham, however, has thoughtfully volunteered assurances to Mussolini about the Battle of the Libya routes.

* * *

A 23,000 ton American liner "George Washington" has been transferred to Britain.

And with their well-known adaptability the British have gladly accepted not only the liner but its name too.

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It is reported from Ankara that Dr. Paul Schmid, a Nazi propagandist, has arrived on a visit to Turkey.

We have no doubt that the Turks will give him a proper reception.

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A Bangkok radio commentator declares that the Thais are amazed at the absurd nature of Japanese propaganda against Thailand.

If so, we are amazed at the naivete of the Thais.

* * *

The Japanese are planning to call up all men exempted as physically unfit since 1931.

This is a most appropriate preparation for Japan's final aggression.

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The Nazis, according to latest despatches from Russia, have fiercely renewed their offensive against Moscow and Leningrad.

The poor chaps were faced with the urgent choice of fighting or freezing to death.

* * *

British tanks are, we learn, in use by the Soviet forces on an unspecified sector of the central Finnish front.

Which, we think, is more to the point than the despatch of notes to Finland.

* * *

Girl: "You can't guess what I heard about you last night?"

Pompous young man: "I haven't an idea in the world."

Girl: "But how clever—you guessed it right away."

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Chronic complaining doesn't make a hard lot any softer.

* * *

Cupid would have a snap if things were so arranged that all the moonlight came in summer.

* * *

Long words, like long dresses, frequently hide something wrong about the understanding.

* * *

Nothing makes an angry man so frantic as the refusal of the other fellow to hand him a line of back talk.

* * *

When a woman can't think of anything else to say to her husband she cautions him not to eat so fast or smoke so much.

* * *

The man who knows nothing and wants to find out everything is almost as big a bore as the man who thinks he knows everything and insists upon telling it.

Punjab Women And Atlantic Charter

LAHORE, Nov. 15.

The Constituent Conference of the Central Punjab Branch of the All-India Women's Conference held here this afternoon under the presidentship of Lady Wazir Hasan passed a resolution expressing deep concern at the peace aims as adumbrated by the Atlantic Charter which "envisages the principle of self-government to be applicable only to the western peoples".

The Conference further expressed the opinion that permanent peace cannot be achieved except on the principles of freedom and justice applicable equally to all nations and races.

The Conference urged on the British Government to lose no time in making the requisite declaration regarding India's freedom which would supply the moral foundation on which the post-war world could be constructed.—A. P.

CANADIAN FORCE IN HONGKONG

America Prepared To Answer Axis Challenge

On The Atlantic, Seamen Ready At Battle Stations

NEW YORK, November 16.

"American seamen are at battle stations in their ships on the Atlantic," declared Colonel Knox, American Secretary for the Navy, in a message broadcast on the occasion of the Fifteenth Anniversary of the National Broadcasting Company.

"You and I know that those men out there will let the world know that America means what she says regardless of individual opinion."—Reuter.

CANADIAN FORCE IN HONG KONG

For Defence Against Aggression

OTTAWA, Nov. 16.

A Canadian force has arrived in Hong Kong.

Mr. Mackenzie King announcing the arrival of the Canadian Force in Hong Kong did not give the strength of the force but said that it would serve with other Empire units making up the Hong Kong garrison. The Canadians would be commanded by Brigadier J. K. Lawson.

MACKENZIE KING EXPLAINS.

Mr. Mackenzie King continuing said: "Defence against aggression, actual or threatened, in any part of the world is to-day part of the defence of every country which still enjoys freedom. It is in accordance with this view that Government has deemed it advisable to associate Canadian troops with forces from other part of the British Commonwealth now stationed in the Orient."—Reuter.

READY TO TAKE ON ANYTHING

HONGKONG, Nov. 16.

Reuter's special correspondent writes:—

The city awoke this morning to one of the biggest surprises of its hundred years' existence when a large transport accompanied by escorted vessels steamed into the harbour and proceeded to disembark Canadian troops who have been sent here to reinforce the garrison.

The secret of arrival had been so well kept that the civilian element was entirely unaware of the momentous happening, but word soon spread and welcoming crowds lined the streets of Kowloon to await the march past of the troops.

MANY VETERANS

The first persons to step aboard the transport were the Governor and General-Officer-Commanding, Major General C. M. Maltby who officially welcomed the Canadian Commanders to Hongkong soil.

Meanwhile pressmen circulated among the troops who hail from all over Canada and are representative of every race and creed, English, Scots, Welsh, Irish and French-Canadians. Many are veterans of the last war while an appreciable number has already seen foreign service in the present war.

UNEVENTFUL VOYAGE

In interviews officers stated that, while they did not know what the Canadians' job would be, they nevertheless were "prepared to take on anything." They stated that they were weeks on the voyage which was entirely without incident, no enemy vessels being sighted and calm weather being experienced throughout.

Company after company swung down the gangways in perfect rhythm, taking up places on the parade ground opposite the wharf. When the entire force had assembled sharp orders rang out and the troops formed into line and, headed by a band, marched up the main street of Kowloon where General Maltby took the salute. Arrangements are already being made for the comfort and welfare of the troops, particularly regarding sports.

A human interest angle was provided by the handing of a telegram to an officer announcing the birth of a nine pound baby boy since the troops left Canada.—Reuter.

U. S. Dollar Topples, Sequel To Decision To Withdraw Marines

SHANGHAI, Nov. 15.

The registration of British nationals for evacuation closed this morning with a heavy eleventh hour rush. This was perhaps due to the definite decision of the United States to withdraw their marines.

An unconfirmed report states that a President liner is 'en route' for Shanghai to evacuate the marines before Friday.

The United States dollar has toppled in "the black market" from its peak of 40 Chinese Dollars to 30 and is still dropping.—Reuter.

U. S. MERCHANTMEN FOR BRITAIN

Navy's Plans For Protection

WASHINGTON.—With the expectation that by the middle of next week some United States merchantmen will be crossing the Atlantic direct to Britain with supplies, guns with which they will defend themselves against Hitler's warships are already being mounted and naval crews are being assigned at various ports, according to authoritative circles here, although technically the revision of the Neutrality Act does not become effective before Monday.

Naturally the Navy is not giving away any secrets as to the plans for protecting United States merchantmen but there are some indications that some of them will be convoyed by warships.

The "New York News" declares that the Maritime Commission plans for the present at least to add no more than three ships weekly on the Atlantic route to Britain and they will be the new freighters now coming off the slipways at the rate of three weekly They have been built with gunmounting emplacements and incorporate several secret defence features.

Navy circles state that the merchantmen now on the high seas will be armed as they come back to port It is estimated that 300 of America's 11,200 merchantmen would be given 3 and 5 inch guns.—Reuter.

STATISTICS & ECONOMICS

LUCKNOW, Nov. 15.

Dr. T. Gregory, Economic Adviser to the Government of India, pleaded for sanity in the interpretation of data and stressed importance of commonsense, addressing the first conference of the U.P. Institute of Statistics held under the Presidentship of Mr. N. C. Mehta.

Proceeding Dr. Gregory said that modern refinements in statistical theory, however important from the point of view of advance in knowledge, erred in their applicability to actual economic conditions. At the same time there was a great need for thinking about political and economic affairs in terms of equality to have a time perspective of the situation. He also gave a warning against serious reactions in the post-war period and advised that measures should be taken in hand now to meet them.

Raja Eisheshwar Dayal Seth, Vice-Chancellor of Lucknow University inaugurated the Conference.—A.P.

Japanese Ambassador To Meet Admiral Decoux

SAIGON, Nov. 15.

The first meeting between the Governor General Admiral Decoux and the Japanese Ambassador Mr. Youshizawa is scheduled to be held at Hanoi on November 18. Admiral Decoux' plans to fly to Hanoi for the meeting Hitherto. Mr Youshizawa has been meeting the acting Governor-General M. Gautier. The Japanese Minister Mr. Iwataro Uchiyama paid a courtesy call on Admiral Decoux following his arrival on Friday to take over the Saigon branch of the Japanese Embassy.—Reuter.

Japanese Evacuees From Malaya

SINGAPORE, Nov 15.

The Japanese liner "Asama Maru" left for Manila to-day with 450 Japanese evacuees from Malaya

They included iron and tin miners, planters, fishermen, businessmen and geisha girls

The "Asama Maru" is expected to take on more evacuees at Manila before proceeding to Japan.—Reuter.

BURMA BAN ON JAPANESE IMPORTS EXTENDED

RANGOON, Nov. 15.

Prohibition on the import of goods from the Japanese Empire and Manchuria into Burma has been further extended by an order issued by the Governor to-day. Generally speaking, prohibition now covers practically all classes of goods and a special permit is necessary to make imports from Japan and Manchuria.—A. P.

AUTOMOBILE INDUSTRY

Its Establishment Will Encourage Manufacture Of Internal Combustion Machines

Mr. Lalchand Hirachand in a statement to the press says:—

"Friday's debate in the Central Legislature on internal combustion engines is very interesting. Firstly, what was mentioned in the House of Commons that it would not be possible to manufacture internal combustion engines in India during war is admitted by the Government of India to be a wrong statement in so many words. The Government's spokesman uses the word "misapprehension". Government of India admit that internal combustion engines are being made in India even in railway workshops. He went on to say that the private firms and workshops in India were manufacturing engines operated by crude mineral oil and not petrol. The tendency in the world is to utilise cheaper form of fuel. Hence the demand for crude oil engines for industrial purposes. Even tractors are now operated by crude oil. Petrol operating engines are costly in maintenance. The demand for such engines, except largely for automobiles, is extremely limited.

It is not understood why the Government of India have appointed a committee to investigate the manufacture of petrol operating internal combustion engines. Indian firms, which are making crude oil engines in competition with the foreign manufacturers, can just as easily make petrol engines and compete with the foreigners. What is wanted in this matter is the creation of the demand. The skill is there The Government of India, instead of appointing a committee, should give facilities for the establishment of automobile industry which will automatically create an adequate offtake of petrol operating internal combustion engines. The appointment of the committee is not the real solution. Demand for petrol operating engines is the only solution and that demand can be created by allowing us to establish the proposed automobile industry in India and we shall make from the very commencement petrol operating internal combustion engines. Will the Government therefore change their attitude towards the proposed motor industry and declare it as a war effort to enable us to manufacture petrol operating internal combustion engines? Once the demand is created, my friend Mr. Gwilt can see whether we are able successfully to compete with foreign manufacturers, a bogey which he raised in the debate

POST-WAR ECONOMIC PROBLEM

U. S. Credit To Help Feed Hungry Millions

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.

Mr. Morgenthau, United States Secretary for the Treasury, said that he was in favour of using American credit to help feed the hungry millions after the war. He added that after the Allies win this war—and they are going to win it—the opportunity for American agriculture and the need for colossal production will be much greater than even it is to-day.—Reuter.

City's Traffic Problem

The responsibilities of pedestrians in crossing the road were discussed by Mr. K. J. Khambata, Presidency Magistrate, at the Girgaum Police Court, in a case in which one Mahomed Imamdin a motor-truck driver in the employ of Messrs. Duke and Sons, was charged with driving in a rash and negligent manner so as to endanger human life and thereby causing grievous hurt to Police Head Constable, Shankar Mahadeo. The prosecution alleged that at about 11 a.m. on the 26th May last the accused drove the vehicle along Lamington Road, when the policeman, who was then in mufti whilst crossing the road, was knocked down, as a result of which he suffered fracture of his right foot and other serious injuries, which incapatiated him from attending to his duties for three months.

The defence contended that the accident was not due to any negligence or rashness on the part of the driver and that the policeman, when crossing, took no care to see the on-coming traffic and hence the accident.

His Worship held that the prosecution evidence was not very clear. It seemed to him that the complainant did not keep a proper look-out before crossing the road. The brakes and steering of the truck were found very defective, but this condition had nothing to do with rash driving and could be said, at most, to have resulted in a possible failure to avoid the accident, which was not the same thing as rash or negligent driving. The Court had no sympathy with pedestrians who suddenly get off the footpath and begin to cross the road totally regardless of vehicular traffic coming from both sides and then expect the drivers suddenly to stop or swerve. Holding that no 'prima facie' case was made out, the accused was discharged.

In another case, in which the same accused was charged with driving the truck at that time without a proper license and with defective brakes he was convicted and fined Rs 5 and Rs 75 respectively Mr. Dhurandhar, Police Prosecutor, conducted the prosecution, and Mr. D D Vania, Advocate, defended the accused in both the cases.

GOLWALA WATER POLO TEAM'S VISIT TO CALCUTTA

Manager Explains

Mr. Khurshed F. Golwalla, Manager, Golwalla Water Polo Team, writes:—

We are extremely sorry for the wrong impression that has been created in regard to our visit to Calcutta

It is true that our first thought was to raise money for the War Fund but we gave up the idea as soon as we came to know that was not possible to do so. At the same time we were not aware of the dispute between the National Swimming Association and the Bengal Amateur Swimming Association. We had accordingly asked those clubs in Calcutta who had already visited us at Bombay to arrange games with us. Let it be said to the credit of these clubs that they most sportingly gave their accord and extended to us their lavish hospitality. It is not correct that we had entrusted the programme to be drawn up by the National Swimming Club or any other club

Our attention has been drawn to report that has appeared in some local papers few days back regarding what transpired at the match arranged to be played by us with "College Square Swimming Team" during our visit to Calcutta. The said report is absolutely incorrect and misleading.

During our visit to Calcutta. Bengal Amateur Swimming Association arranged matches with the best teams of Calcutta for us, all of which were played in the proper sporting spirit. We admit that the Bengal Swimming were superior to us in swimming events but we resent the statement that our team made a poor show in water polo. On the contrary our exhibition water polo matches were highly appreciated by all Calcutta water fans and we were besieged even to our last day of our stay to play some more games with those clubs who were left off from our scheduled programme.

The match with College Square was not a fixture arranged by B. A. S. A. It was Mr D. L. Dey who is connected with "College Square" that approached us for a match with "College Square Team" and thus was agreed to. When we arrived at the pavilion to play, our attention was drawn that three out of the seven players of the College Square Team belonged to some other club and we pointed this out to Mr D L Dey who was to referee the match and he definitely promised us that he would not allow those three players to play. But they refused to carry out his orders and wangling went on for three-quarters of an hour. Ultimately with a view to end this impasse we had no alternative but to play with such team as was put up and the match which was scheduled for 5 p.m. commenced at 5-45 p.m. and the game was played under protest for various reasons. From the very outset the crowd took up a very hostile attitude and when our captain, Mr. N K. Ghosh, received serious injuries, and as serious free fight took place in the water, the match was abandoned and the players left the water. There was no invitation to dinner as we find is now alleged and there is no question of our having failed to enjoy such hospitality Similarly the sory of the intended presentation of a cup to us as a token appears to be an afterthought, no mention of which having been made at all. The statement alleged to have been made by us "We did not come here to be beaten in every match" is absolutely false and malicious and no such statement at all was made. Out of the six matches played by our team at Calcutta, they won two matches and lost three. The ultimate result of a match has always been held immaterial by our team so long as there is a good game. All the matches were played in unquestionable sporting spirit. The statement that Mr. N. K. Ghosh has given insruction or coached the team is absolutely false, as at our swimming bath in Bombay, we do not allow any one to give or receive instruction in swimming We are the sole swimming instructors at our bath.

The team all along received at Calcutta a hearty and cordial welcome for which they at every opportunity unhesitatingly expressed their thanks and the mention in report of some local papers of the visit having left a bad impression in the local circles is absolutely idle talk. This is conclusively evidenced by the fact that on the return of the team to Calcutta from Darjeeling we were received and entertained cordially and invited to play a match with the Calcutta Police Club which is affiliated to B. A. S. A and to take part in Aquatic events which were fixed specially for the team

WHEN HODSON MET SIR C. P.

TRIVANDRUM, Nov. 16.

It is understood that Mr. H. V. Hodson, Reforms Commissioner, Government of India, met Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer, Dewan of Travancore, yesterday at Madras and had a very long conversation with him.

The Dewan returned this afternoon to Trivandrum.—A. P

HODSON MEETS SATYAMURTI

MADRAS, Nov. 16.

Mr. H. V. Hodson, Reforms Commissioner, Government of India, left Madras to-night for Cuttack. He called on Mr. S. Satyamurthi, Deputy Leader of the Congress Party in the Central Assembly at his residence this afternoon and had a talk with him.—A. P. —United Press.

Japan Out To 'Smash Fighting Spirit Of Chinese'

More Efforts To 'Liquidate China Affair!'

Diet Keeps Mum Over Pacific Situation: Emperor's Appeal For Co-operation

TOKYO, November 16.

THE JAPANESE DIET, MEETING IN AN EXTRAORDINARY SESSION TO-DAY, HEARD REPORTS ON THE WAR SITUATION BY THE PRIME MINISTER, GENERAL TOJO, IN HIS CAPACITY AS WAR MINISTER, AND BY THE NAVY MINISTER, ADMIRAL SHIMADA. AT THE FORMAL OPENING CEREMONY AN IMPERIAL RESCRIPT WAS READ IN WHICH THE EMPEROR APPEALED FOR THE CO-OPPRATION OF ALL MEMBERS, AND ORDERED MINISTERS TO BRING EMERGENCY BILLS INCLUDING A SUPPLEMENTARY BUDGET BEFORE THE DIET.

Departing from precedent the Diet met in a plenary session immediately after the opening ceremony.

"SPIRIT OF CHINESE REDUCED"

Speaking in the Diet, to-day, General Tojo, Japanese Premier, admitted that the Chungking forces standing in the way of Japanese expansion were not less than 2 million. General Tojo then spoke of the spirit of the enemy. This at any rate, he alleged, had been greatly reduced by recent operations. He relterated that Japan's wish was to smash the fighting spirit of the Chinese troops.

ADMIRAL SHEMADA, NAVY MINISTER, ALSO SPOKE ON THE SAME LINES. HE SAID THAT CHINA HAD AT LEAST LOST SOME OF HER FIGHTING SPIRIT. HE ADMITTED THAT THE JAPANESE NAVY WOULD HAVE TO MAKE INCREASING EFFORTS TO LIQUIDATE THE CHINA AFFAIR.

There was no statement in the Diet on the situation in the Pacific.—Reuter.

RELEASE OF POLITICALS

Announcement To Be Made In Central Assembly Tomorrow

NEW DELHI, Nov. 16.

The Assembly holiday yesterday and to-day has given time to members to examine the latest position with reference to the question of the release of political prisoners, which will be discussed in the closing days of the session this week.

While they anticipate a brief pause during which the necessary references are made to Whitehall, they seem to feel no doubt about the final result and their expectation of a favourable announcement in the House on Tuesday remains confident.—A. P.

SECURITY PRISONER TO BE RELEASED

Mukandi Singh Develops Pneumonia

LUCKNOW, Nov. 15.

Mukandi Singh, a security prisoner in the Agra Central Prison has developed Pneumonia. As his condition is reported to be dangerous, Government have decided to release him, says a Press Note issued to-day.—A. P.

Editor And Congress Worker Arrested

LUCKNOW, Nov. 16.

Pandit Pitambar Pande, Editor of "Agrita Janta", a Congress weekly and Pt. Motiram Pande, a Congress worker, were arrested yesterday at Haldwani, says a message received here.

The arrests, it is learnt, are in connection with certain speeches delivered by them recently.—A. P.

WARDHA NEWS

WARDHA, Nov. 14.

Mr. B. G. Kher ex-Premier of Bombay is leaving tonight for Bombay.

The Mysore Congress delegation have postponed their departure to Bangalore and are seeing Mahatma Gandhi again to-morrow.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar ex-Premier of Madras is expected to arrive here this week-end.—A. P.

States' Leaders See Mahatma

WARDHA, Nov. 15.

Mr. K. D. Vaidya, General Secretary of the Central India States Peoples' Conference, met Mahatma Gandhi at Sewagram and, it is understood, discussed the present political situation in the Central India States, particularly in Ratlam and Malhar.

Mr. J. N. Vyas, General Secretary of the All-India States Peoples' Conference, who also saw Gandhiji, has left for Bombay, where he will confer with leading workers from Rajputana and Central India.—United Press.

EX-PREMIER OF ASSAM FOR WARDHA

CALCUTTA, Nov. 16.

Mr. Gopinath Bardoloi, ex-Premier of Assam, arrived here this noon and left for Wardha to meet Mahatma Gandhi and Dr. Rajendra Prasad.

The United Press understands that there has been long correspondence between Mr. Bardoloi and Dr. Rajendra Prasad as to the advisability of resumption of parliamentary activities in Assam in view of some important bills and although the Congress Party in the Assam Assembly is allowed to send notices of amendments and questions, the final decision is not yet arrived at.

It is further understood that, like Bengal and the Punjab, Assam will also press for permission.

CONGRESSMEN WARNED

Against Working For Opponents Of Congress Nominee

AKOLA, Nov. 14.

The Hon. Mr. Brijlal Biyani, President of the Berar Provincial Congress Committee, has issued the following statement to the Press:—

"I have learnt that in the Central Assembly by-election some Congressmen are canvassing against the Congress candidate. This action of theirs amounts to indiscipline.

"The Provincial Congress Committee is entitled to take disciplinary action against all Congressmen who work against the Congress. I am, therefore, issuing this statement to forewarn all such Congressmen, lest they should plead ignorance when action is taken against them."—United Press.

Christmas Presents Lost

GIBRALTAR, Nov. 15.

Thousands of pounds worth of Christmas presents for wives and sweethearts in Britain went down in the "Ark Royal", writes Reuter's Special Correspondent. Survivors here tell me that for months the crew had been buying presents for relatives and clothes for themselves for they expected to return to Britain for Christmas as the ship was nearing the end of her first commission. They estimated that the crew had spent 10,000 sterling in this way.—Reuter.

RELEASED FROM AGRA JAIL

Two Congress Detenus And Hindi Poet

JHANSI, Nov. 15.

Mr. Maithlisharan Gupta, a well-known Hindi poet, who was arrested eight months back under the Defence of India Rules was unconditionally released yesterday from Agra jail. He arrived in Jhansi to-day.

Sardar Rajendrasingh and Seth Ramkrishna, members of District Congress, who were also detenus in Agra Jail, were also released yesterday and they arrived here. —A. P.

PROGRESS OF HINDI VIDYAPITH

The fifth and sixth convocations of the Bombay Hindi Vidyapith was held on Sunday evening at the Marwadi Vidyalaya under the presidentship of Mrs. Leelavati Munshi.

Mr. Makhanlal Chathurvedi, a well-known Hindi writer of Khandwa, in the course of his convocation address said that he was extremely pleased to see them all gathered together and taking immense interest in the development of Hindi. He expressed the desire that the graduates who were taking degrees should be real servants in the building up of a great nation.

Mr. K. M. Munshi in the course of his address said that the University had made rapid progress within a short period of time. He stressed the point that the cultural and political unity of India could only be built up through Hindi.

Continuing he said that the Hindi language was being attacked by Urdu at present. They should save 'Hindi' from this aggression. This responsibility rested on all those who learnt Hindi.

Swami Bhavani Dayal Sanyasi, President of Natal Congress, who had just arrived from South Africa said that he was much disappointed to see that Hindi had not yet been accepted as 'lingua franca' of India.

Mrs. Lilavati Munshi addressing the gathering said that three or four years ago when this University was started no one dreamt that it would make such rapid progress. She said that the University had imparted knowledge of Hindi to about 5,000 people.

Dacca Curfew Period Reduced

DACCA, Nov. 15.

In view of continued improvement in the communal situation in the city the District Magistrate has issued orders curtailing the period of curfew further by two hours, enforcing it from to-day between 10 p.m. and 5 a.m.

The attendance in Educational Institutions, including the University, is now almost normal.—A. P.

Rajshahi Pleader Arrested

RAJSHAHI, Nov. 14.

Mr. B. C. Chakrabarty, a local pleader, was arrested by the police under Sec. 129 of the Defence of India Rules, followed by a search of his house.—United Press.

If Japan Steps Into Thailand

U. S. Would Enter War In Wake Of Britain, Says Dr. Young

RANGOON, Nov. 15.

"The Japanese military authorities will find a surprise for them if they attack Yunnan from Indo-China", said Dr. John S. Young, representative of the National Broadcasting Company of America with the British Far Eastern Command.

He added that there were 300,000 Chinese troops in Yunnan, who for the past two weeks had been closing up tunnels, and bridges, and destroying communications from Indo-China.

If Japan should enter Thailand and the British Government were, as a result, to decide on war, the United States would also declare war against Japan in two weeks.

He emphasised that the collaboration between the British and the American forces in the Far East was complete and their strength adequate to meet and challenge. He was convinced that if Japan should throw any challenge of war to the British or to the Netherlands East Indies Government, the United States would also come automatically into such a war.

Dr. Young considered that the Burma Road could not be cut by concerted air attacks. It could only be done by military occupation of Kunming.

Dr. Young has left for India.—A. P.

SITUATION IN TOBRUK Eastern Sector Of Defences Fired At

CAIRO, Nov. 15.

A Middle East war communique states:—LIBYA:—TOBRUK:—During the night of November 13/14, there were no hostile air activities or shelling. During the morning, however, the enemy directed a heavy mortar fire against the eastern sector of our defences. Later the same sector was dive-bombed. In neither case was there any damage or casualties.

Our patrols failed to make contact, indicating that the enemy is again adopting a policy of withdrawing from the most forward position. In the frontier area our patrols attracted some shelling, and a few hostile armoured fighting vehicles were observed. We again concluded reconnaissances without loss."—Reuter.

Bikaner Attends Egyptian Parliament

CAIRO, Nov. 15.

The Maharaja of Bikaner, who is visiting the Middle East, inspecting the troops and seeing conditions, attended the opening of the Egyptian Parliament to-day.—Reuter.

ATLANTIC CHARTER DISAPPOINTING

(From A Correspondent).

LUCKNOW, (By Mail).

A resolution expressing great disappointment with regard to the Atlantic Charter was passed at a meeting of the All-India Kshatriya Mahasabha held at Lucknow on November 11. The Maharaja Bahadur of Dumraon presided.

Bhulabhai's Return To City

Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai, leader of the Congress Party in the Central Legislature and a member of the Congress Working Committee arrived from New Delhi at the Bombay Central by the Frontier Mail on Sunday morning. He was welcomed at the platform by Mr. Abidalli Jafferbhoy, Mr. Sunderdas Morarjee, Mr. Bhavani Shankar Oza and other ward Congress officials.

RADHAKRISHNAN AT BHAVNAGAR

(From Our Correspondent).

BHAVNAGAR, Nov. 15.

Sir S. Radhakrishnan, Vice-Chancellor of the Benares Hindu University, arrived on Saturday evening at Bhavnagar with Mr Anantrai Pattani, Dewan of Bhavnagar, who has specially invited Sir Radhakrishnan who will deliver a lecture on Sunday evening in the New Durbar Hall.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

Here is a bright idea for Monday morning. As a result of conversation with a friend over the week-end, during which the Night of the Sixth of November was discussed, it occurred to me that another show could and should be got up for a cause that would, to my mind, get a great deal of support. So here is the idea and here the cause. An AID TO THE SOVIETS party. Here is a country that is putting up a most magnificent fight against Nazism. Here for the first time has the German war machine met with opposition in World War II. Couldn't we, who have been applauding the gallantry, the courage and the dogged perseverance of these Soviet people, have a party for their benefit? The trouble to my mind is that for such a party, terrific organisation would be necessary. I mean some enthusiastic people who would undertake to do the preliminary work—programmes, tickets, posters, arrangements etc. If there is such a response, someone could be found to produce the show, I feel sure.

* * *

Tautology—"By appointment to Sir Roger Lumley—Roger's Soda."

* * *

A new racing paper has come to my notice—edited, printed and published by Sorab H. Bhoot. Priced at four annas, I have now received two volumes of this paper and I must confess it makes enjoyable reading, though it is probably likely to prove uncomfortable to others. But criticism is healthy and, as far as I can judge, "racing" is going to be in the news this year. I will not, however, dabble in this sphere, because I feel that there is enough being said on the subject already. So if you feel like reading a little more about racing, you may have a look at this new pamphlet.

* * *

The answer of Government that they have no idea of how Subhas Bose got to Germany is a sad comment on the vigilance department of the Government of India.

* * *

Wanted by the Half-Column—an honorary Gestapo Agent to cover the Pentangular undercurrent. Please apply, stating experience and qualifications.

* * *

The amount raised by the sale of White Poppies (including Sir Victor Sassoon's) was Rs. 2,863-8-6. This amount has been sent to the Commander-in-Chief with the request that it be equally divided between British and Indian ex-Servicemen. The cost of making the white poppies was anonymously donated. The Commander-in-Chief's acknowledgement is awaited. (Will other papers carrying news of White Poppies kindly reproduce this?)

Chicago Radio
for
EVERYTHING in ELECTRIC
TELEPHONES—TALKIES
LOUDSPEAKERS—RADIOS.

IFTIKHAR AHMED WINS TRIPLE CROWN

KARACHI, Nov. 16.

Playing a suburb game Iftikhar Ahmed claimed all the three titles in the Sind Lawn Tennis Tournament by defeating to-day Max Ellmer, the Swiss Champion in Men's Singles, and partnered by Miss Woodridge he beat Max Ellmer and Miss Raji in the Mixed Doubles in straight sets.

Iftikhar Ahmed and Ahmed Hussain yesterday won the Men's Doubles title by defeating Max Ellmer and Fraser also in straight sets.—A. P.

NORTHERN INDIA BOXING

LAHORE, Nov. 15.

The finals of the Northern India Boxing Championships were held to-night at the Moghulpura Institute in the presence of a large crowd. Mrs. Walker, wife of Superintendent, N.W.R. Mechanical Workshops, gave away the prizes.

RANJI TROPHY (W. ZONE)

Nawanagar Beat Maharashtra

Ex-Champion Defeated By 8 Wickets & 4 Runs

JADHAV'S SUPERB 63

JAMNAGAR, Nov. 16.

In the western zone of the Inter-Provincial Cricket Tournament for the Ranji Trophy, Nawanagar defeated Maharashtra by four runs and eight wickets.

In their second innings Nawanagar made 73 for two wickets (Vinoo Mankad 29), in reply to Maharashtra's 189 (Jadhav 63) in the second knock.

Continuing their second innings to-day Maharashtra added 68 runs to their overnight total of 67 in one hour's play this morning, for the loss of four more wickets, making a total of 135 for seven wickets at noon.

Sarwate and Nimbalkar, yesterday's not outs, continued the innings to the bowling of Vinoo Mankad and Bannerji. Sarwate was the first to leave being held by Bannerji in the gully off Mankad, after opening his account with a single (69-4-1). Deodhar who came in next scored one and was sent back to the pavilion by Bannerji who clean-bowled him (70-5-1). Jadhav now joined Nimbalkar and he immediately made his present felt with four hits to the boundary. After play had been in progress for 35 minutes, the century of the innings was signalled. At this stage Mubarak took over from Bannerji, but Jadhav, unperturbed by the change, hooked Mubarak to the boundary, but was deprived of a sixer by inches.

MANKAD'S SECOND VICTIM

The partnership between Nimbalkar and Jadhav realised a valuable 48 before it was dissolved by Vinoo Mankad who claimed his second victim of the day when he bowled Nimbalkar, the ball gliding off the latter's pads on to the wickets (118-6-20). Chari now assisted Jadhav and the pair raised the score to 135 when the seventh wicket fell. Chari being brilliantly held by Mulvant at square leg, off Mubarak.

Maharashtra were all out in their second innings for 189 shortly before lunch, thus leaving Nawanagar to make 70 to win the match with one and a half day's play at their disposal.

Jadhav reached his individual 50 in as many minutes. Another change in the bowling was made, Oza coming on in place of Mubarak, when the score stood at 146. Oza met with immediate success, Jadhav being caught off his second delivery at square-leg by Mulvant (152-8-63).

Jadhav who was at the wicket for over an hour played sparkling cricket in collecting his 63 runs, which included ten fours. Jadhav's dismissal brought Paranjpye and Dalaya together, but their association was short-lived, for two runs later Oza claimed his second victim, Dalaya giving an easy catch to Mulvant, off Oza. (154-9-1). The last pair Sindhe and Paranjpye, took the score to 189, the latter scoring all round the wicket, and then Bannerji brought the innings to a close by accounting for Paranjpye off his own bowling.

NAWANAGAR'S 2ND INNINGS

Nawanagar commenced their second innings at 12-50 p.m. with Vinoo Mankad and Oza. Jadhav opened the attack and Sohoni assisted him at the other end. At the lunch interval Nawanagar had scored four runs for no wicket.

When play was resumed after lunch Jadhav claimed the first two victims. With the score at 29 he caught and bowled Oza and in his next over disposed of Vinoo Mankad in the same manner. Mankad, in attempting to hit Jadhav, skied the ball and was caught by the latter at the fall of the second wicket when Nawanagar's score stood at 34, Mankad's share of it being 20. Colah and Bannerji were now together. The first change in the bowling was made when Nawanagar's score was 43. Sarwate relieving Sohoni. With Bannerji scoring at a fast rate a further change in the bowling was made. Sohoni again coming on from the opposite end in place of Jadhav. But these changes had no effect and Maharashtra were beaten when Bannerji sent Sohoni to the boundary for four.

Scores:—

SATURDAY'S GAME

Maharashtra's 2nd Innings

With a deficit of 120 runs, Maharashtra opened their second innings after tea with Bhajekar and Sohoni to the bowling of Bannerjee and Mubarak Ali. Bhajekar was dropped by Krishna Mankad off Bannerjea, when the score stood at 12. Just when the pair appeared to be set for a big partnership Vinoo Mankad dismissed Sohoni, who was adjudged l.b.w. (54-1-16).

Nazir Ali was sent back with the addition of only four runs to the score (58-2-4), and Bhajekar was out a few minutes before the close (63-3-42).

Vinoo claimed all the wickets to fall so far returning the fine analysis of six overs, four maidens, five runs, and three wickets.

MAHARASHTRA (2nd Innings) (Concluded)

Nimbalkar, b Vinoo Mankad	26
Sarwate, c Bannerji, b Mankad	1
Deodhar, b Bannerji	1
Jadhav, c Mulvant, b Oza	63
Chari, c Mulvant, b Mubarak	3
Paranjpye, c and b Bannerji	32
Dalaya, c Mulvant, b Oza	1
Shinde (not out)	6
Extras	0
Total	189

NAWANAGAR (Second Innings)

V. Mankad, c and b Jadhav	20
Oza, c and b Jadhav	10
Colah (not out)	12
Bannerji (not out)	24
Extras	7
Total (for two wickets)	73

BOWLING ANALYSIS

Jadhav 9-2-28-2;
Sohoni 8-4-2-25-0;
Sarwate 3-0-13-0.

FALL OF WICKETS:—4/69, 5/70, 6/118, 7/135, 8/152, 9-154, 10/189.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

Bannerji 10-1-3-31-2;
Mubarakali 16-2-63-1;
Mulvant 3-0-7-0;
Oza 3-0-20-2.

(Analysis of Vinoo Mankad who has taken five wickets not received).—A.P.

City Students Oppose Pentangular

An emphatic protest against the communal principle involved in the Pentangular Tournament was launched at a public meeting held at Chaupatty under the joint auspices of the Bombay Students' Union and the Fort Students' Union on Sunday evening. Mr. M. L. Shah, the General Secretary of the All India Students' Federation, presided.

Addressing the gathering Mr Shah said that the argument advanced by Maj. Naidu and others that Indian cricket would suffer considerably if the Pentangular Tournament were to be abolished held no water. The opponents of the Pentangular were not opposed to cricket as such, but only to the communal principle involved in it, and a cricket tournament on non-communal basis was absolutely possible.

Moving the resolution protesting against the Pentangular and appealing the public to boycott it Mr. Abdul Sattar Parekh, the General Secretary of the Bombay Presidency Students' Federation said that the Ranji Trophy served the best interests of the Indian cricket, and but for the vested interest in Pentangular it has every possibility of becoming as popular as the Pentangular.

Mr. Adamali seconded the resolution.

Mr. P. M. Joshi also spoke.

The resolution was carried unanimously.

Malathi Beats Mrs. Paton

BANGALORE, Nov. 15.

Miss Malathi annexed the ladies singles title of the Bowring Institute Hard Court Tennis Tournament this evening defeating Mrs. Paton in two straight sets 6/1, 6/3.—A. P.

N. I. Tennis Tourney

LAHORE, Nov. 15.

Ghous Mohd, Prem Pandhi winner of the open singles of the Brereton Chopra Tennis Tournament, Iftikhar Ahmad, S. L. R. Sawhney, Miss Lila Row, Miss Woodridge and Miss Dubash are some of the players who have sent in their entries for the Northern India Tennis Tournament, which commences on November 21 on the courts of the Cosmopolitan Club, Lahore.—A. P.

INDIAN SIDE FOR CEYLON

Itinerary Of Cricket Team During Ensuing March

BOMBAY, Nov. 16.

The intinerary for the Ceylon tour next March lasting from March 2 to March 20 was approved of at a meeting of the Ceylon Tour Sub-Committee held this morning at the Brabourne Stadium with Mr A. S. DeMello, Vice-President of the Board of Control for Cricket in India in the chair.

According to the programme, the team, which will consist of at least fourteen players and not more than sixteen, will assemble in Madras on March 2, 1942, arriving at Colombo on March 4. They have a day's rest before proceeding to Galle, where they meet a Ceylon Cricket Association side on March 7 and 8.

They return to Colombo on March 9 and play another Ceylon Cricket Association side either at Kandy or Darawella on March 11 and 12. Coming back to Colombo on March 13, the Indian side will meet All-Ceylon in a three-day match on March 14, 15 and 16 and after a day's rest the Indians will meet the Combined Colleges on March 18 returning to Madras on March 20.

Messrs. H. N. Contractor, Z. R. Irani, C. M. Divan, and K. S. Ranga Rao attended the meeting.

Mr. H. N. Contractor was appointed Manager for the Indian side for the tour and the team will be selected later by a Selection Committee, comprising of Mr H. N. Contractor (convener), Dr. Jehangir Khan and C. Ramaswami.—A. P.

WORLD WELTER-WEIGHT FIGHT

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.

Freddie Cochrane of the United States Navy defends his World Welter-Weight Boxing Championship against the young Negro, Ray Robinson, over fifteen rounds at Madisonsquare Garden early in February.—Reuter.

Gus Lesnevich Outpoints Tami Mauriello

LONDON, Nov. 15.

On Friday night Gus Lesnevich (173-3/4 lbs.) outpointed Tami Mauriello (173-1/2 lbs.) over fifteen rounds and retained the world's Light-Heavy Weight Championship.—Reuter.

'Pentangular' Has Fostered Team Spirit Not Communal Feeling

Pentangular Committee Hopes This And Ranji Tropny Tournament Will Flourish With Public's Whole-Hearted Support

The Hon. Secretary, Pentangular Cricket Committee writes:—

The Pentangular Cricket Committee views with very grave apprehension the propaganda that is being carried on against the Pentangular Tournament. The Committee has, so far, thought it inadvisable to take part in the controversy but it now feels that the time has come when it's views should be put before the public.

Bombay is recognised as the home of Indian cricket and this recognition, it is submitted, is largely due to the Pentangular Tournament which has fostered team spirit and provided the public with an annual Carnival enjoyed and celebrated by all communities. The enthusiasm and interest shown by the public in this Tournament, rather than in Provincial Cricket, is construed in some quarters as a manifestation of communal feeling. This, however, in the opinion of the Committee, is a misconstruction. That large numbers come to witness this Tournament is due to the fact that they get here a chance of seeing the best cricketing talent and the highest standard of the game in India.

Another impression which the anti-Pentangular propaganda may have created in the minds of the public is that those responsible for the Pentangular Tournament are against Provincial Cricket, that is to say, against the Ranji Trophy Tournament and are not extending their whole-hearted co-operation towards this tournament. This impression should be corrected. The fact is that the Pentangular, or as it then was, the Quadrangular Committee was itself responsible for the formation of the Bombay Cricket Association which, so far as Bombay is concerned, is vested with the management of the Ranji Trophy Tournament.

The public should know that in the year 1935 various Provincial Associations had advised the Board of Control to discontinue the Ranji Trophy Tournament and had it not been for the Bombay Cricket Association, the Ranji Trophy Tournament would have come to an end in that year.

The Pentangular Cricket Committee which claims to have worked in the best interests of cricket in India, hopes that the foregoing remarks will dispel the impression that the Ranji Trophy Tournament can only flourish at the expense of the Pentangular Tournament. It is earnestly hoped that both tournaments will receive whole hearted support of the public.

Tall Scores In Week-End Cricket

C. S. Naidu's Fine Performance With Leather

BOMBAY, Sunday.

Tall scores were again the order of the week-end cricket in the city.

With a view to test the player for the Pentangular an interesting two-day fixture between the Hindu Gymkhana and the Kanga XI was arranged on the former's ground.

CENTURIES GALORE

The Hindu Gymkhana going in to bat first, put up a tall score of 450 for the loss of only seven wickets. This included centuries by V. M. Pandit and H. Adhikari, while U. M. Merchant remained unbeaten with 61.

The Kanga XI started promisingly, and had lost only 3 wickets till 200 were hoisted, Meherhomji putting up 97, and R. S. Mody retiring after 46. H. A. Printer remained not out with 43. With change of ball after 200 a collapse set in, C. S. Naidu becoming effective with leather, and capturing 7 wickets for 93, and the whole eleven was thus skittled out for 267.

On the Muslim Gymkhana ground too, where Rander Muslim Gymkhana were entertained, some good cricket was witnessed. The home-team lost 9 wickets for 329, A. Hakim, M. Merchant, and A. Chinoy putting up 69, 55 and 55 respectively. The visitors replied with 199 for the loss of two wickets which included Y. Ismail's 100 and H. Nakhoda's 64.

HINDU GYMKHANA v. KANGA XI.

HINDU GYMKHANA (1st Innings) D. Hindlekar 8, V. M. Pandit 117, H. R. Adhikari 100, C. S. Naidu 22, R. J. Gharat 38, A. J. Dossa 41, L. P. Jai 31, U. M. Merchant (not out) 61, K. M. Bhatia 11, M. N. Raiji 1, M. R. Pai (not out) 3. Extra 20. Total (for 9 wkts.) 453.

KANGA XI (1st Innings), K. R. Meherhomji 97, P. E. Palia 9, R. S. Mody 46, R. S. Cooper 33, P. N. Khambatta 15, J. S. Lawyer 6, N. H. Colah 0, H. A. Printer (not out) 43, D. H. Wadia 4, R. J. Manekshaw 4, J. H. Wadia 1, Extra 9. Total 267.

C. S. Naidu took 7 wickets for 93.

ISLAM GYMKHANA v. RANDER ISLAM GYMKHANA

ISLAM GYMKHANA (1st Innings). A. A. Hakim 69, S. M. Kadri 24, M. I. Merchant 55, S. Heptoola 9, E. Matta 30, K. C. Ibrahim (not out) 26, Y. Lalji 7, A. R. Chinoy 55, Y. A. Botavala 25, M. A. Latif and A. U. Botavala did not bat. Extra 27. Total (for 9 wkts.) 329.

RANDER ISLAM GYMKHANA (1st Innings) E. A. Alloo 10, E. M. Madari 22, Y. Ismail 100, H. A. Nakhoda 64, Extra 9, Total (for 2 wkts.) 199.

ANNOUNCEMENT

THE Tata Oil Mills Company wish to thank their customers for their appreciation and constant support of Hamam Toilet Soap. They regret that during recent months their patrons have not sometimes been able to get enough supply of Hamam. The demand for Hamam recently has been so great that their Factory has not been able to cope with it, but a new Plant for Hamam is being installed at present and within the next few months ample stocks will be available. Till such time, they request indulgence from their valued patrons and customers.

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NO FEAR OF THAT—THANKS TO QUICK LUX DIPS
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THE KING OF ANALGESICS

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O.K., MEN! LINE UP! AT-TEN-SHUN!
HEY, YOU SHRIMP! I SAID, "ATTENTION! YOU'RE STANDING 'AT EASE!'"
OH, NO, SIR! I'M STANDIN' AT ATTENTION
?
IT'S MY UNIFORM THAT'S STANDING "AT EASE!"
7-22

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INSURANCE ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Limitations On Subjects For Discussion

NEW DELHI, November 15.

The functions of the Insurance Advisory Committee were explained by Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar in his opening address at the first meeting of the Committee held to-day.

Subjects relating to individual insurance concerns, said the Commerce Member, unless there was some vital principle involved in the consideration of those subjects, would not be open for discussion at the Committee's meetings.

As regards amendments to the Insurance Act, he recognised that it was a sore point with many of those present and they would like to bring up many subjects which involved an amendment of the Act. There were, however, two limitations to the consideration of such subjects.

TWO LIMITATIONS

Firstly, he suggested, questions which had fairly recently been settled and on which the Government and the Legislature had taken definite decisions, be not reopened, unless some fresh facts had come to light which would enable the members, with some degree of hope of success, to ask for a revision of those decisions.

Secondly, when the Committee discussed suggestions for the amendment of the Act and made its recommendations, it should not be assumed that the amendment would be immediately considered by the Legislature. The Legislature, he reminded the meeting, was generally very much averse to piecemeal legislation. Therefore it must be understood that there might be a time-lag between the Committee's recommendations and their acceptance by Government and the making of a suitable amendment of the law.

Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar said that the main desire of the Superintendent of Insurance, with which he cordially agreed, was that if really tangible and useful work had to be done, this Committee must be a small, compact body.

AGENTS AND FIELD WORKERS

Dealing specifically with the absence of representation of Agents or Field Workers, he said, Government were actually conscious of their interests and he gave them this assurance that nothing with reference to their interests, no proposal which affected them either adversely or even favourably would be considered by this Advisory Committee without an opportunity being given to them and their representatives to have a seat on the Committee, while the matter was under consideration. On those occasions, a representative or even more than one representative would be invited to attend the meeting and the chairman would exercise his powers of co-option for that purpose.—A.P.

Yarn And Silk Merchants Quotations

Bombay: November 15.

	Rs. a.p.
64/2 Koru Nissin—	
Spot	36 12 0
November	36 13 0
84/2 Koru Nissin—	
Spot	40 0 0
November	40 4 0
62/2 Any—	
Spot	3 8 9
November	3 9 0
80/2 Any—	
Spot	3 11 9
November	3 12 0
150 Any—	
Spot	3 0 9
November	3 1 0

WALL STREET BUYING IN NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

Price Control And Far Eastern Developments Need Caution

SOUTHERN SELLING AND DECEMBER LIQUIDATION

Bombay: November 15.

On Friday the New York cotton market was steady under the influence of the Neutrality revision but buyers were cautious pending Price Control and Far-Eastern developments.

BRITAIN BUYS COTTON

The Cotton Association Chairman reports the official company bought small quantity of cotton overseas during the past month. Members strongly criticise the Governments failure to grant fuller executive powers to official company asserting the company's trade experts are more competent to handle importation and distribution than outside civil servants. New York advises 47 million dollars have been earmarked for lease and lend cotton to Britain which should finance nearly one million bales at the current export price for U.S Government-owned cotton.

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

Washington 13th Nov.: Weekly summary: Cotton practically all harvested except in the North-Western belt. Oklahoma fields continued too wet for work and picking made slow progress; crop is largely harvested in the East, but much still out in Western half where yields large and quality poor. Texas, fair sunny weather and favourable in North-West where bolls opened more rapidly and the picking and ginning expedited. To-day clear with light and heavy frost in Eastern and Central belts.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market opened steady. There was mill price fixing and Wall Street buying with New Orleans support stimulated by the Neutrality revision, record-breaking U. S. mill consumption and strength of outside markets. Prices advanced upto noon when scale-up spot house selling and hedging and profit-taking appeared. However, Congressional action on price control and possible Far-Eastern developments exercised caution. Finally prices declined on December liquidation and Southern selling.

At the opening March was 3 pts up at 16.36 and advanced to 16.48, which was the highest level. Thereafter prices declined on hedge selling and March was quoted 16.30, which was the lowest. Distants were steady. The market closed at a net rise of 10 pts to 9 decline of 7 pts. Spot cotton prices closed 5 pts down at 17.19c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also quietly steady and closed at a decline of one to six pts. Spot cotton prices were reduced 5 pts at 16.39c per lb.

LOCAL SITUATION

Messrs. Anandilal Podar and Co. state:—As suggested yesterday further speculative long liquidation prolonged this slump. It cannot be yet said whether such evening up is completed in view of the large pending option account. On the other hand, it may be noticed that local arrivals are not yet heavy for larger hedging and the spot basis have not weakened despite spasmodic demand in staple. But, notwithstanding temporary cessation of purchases by the U. K. Ministry, there exists heavy speculative purchases in groundnuts and linseed and any liquidation in those contracts should rebound in cotton. Also Government of India's latest measure for licensing wheat exports must give a cold douch to over-loaded contract buyers, apart from any rains in U.P. and the Punjab. Calcutta has received another large order for sand bags but any extraordinary speculative ardour is neutralised by the fixation of hessian prices in Argentine and U.S.A. Politically Nazi hordes are dashing to Caucasus and American ships now sailing in combat zones cannot keep her away much longer from open involvement in the conflict, should more ships are sunk by the enemy. Regarding Japan the situation is still uncertain but some hope may be entertained over Mr. Kurusu's mission to President Roosevelt. Broadly speaking present prices do not appear alluring for short sale though stale long liquidation may carry the level somewhat lower but good resistance is expected around Rs. 220 to Rs. 225 until the Upcountry arrivals are voluminous.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest 16.48+15 (11-39 a.m.); lowest 16.30—03 (2-58 p.m.).

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York: Trade and local buying absorbed by hedge selling and long liquidation. Market quiet.

NEW YORK COTTON.
New York, Nov. 15.

October	.....
December	16.18
January	16.15
March	16.27
Middling Spot	17.29

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, Nov. 15.

October	.....
December	16.16
January	16.19
March	16.33
Middling Spot	16.38

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, Nov. 15.

11.00 Call	Noon Call
October	—
December	—
March	—

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTIC.
New York, Nov. 15.

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U.S. Ports	16,000

LONDON SILVER.
London, Nov. 15.

Spot	Closed
Forward	Closed

LONDON GOLD.
London, Nov. 15.

Gold bars fine per oz.	Closed

LONDON EXCHANGES.
London, Nov. 15.

T. T. London on:—	
New York	4.02-1/2 to 4.03-1/2
Madrid	40.50
Montreal	4.43 to 4.47
Berne	17.30 to 17.40
Stockholm	16.85 to 16.95

LONDON WHEAT

Rozario Santa Fe	Closed
Barletta Russo	Closed
South Australian	Closed

London, Nov. 15.

LONDON RUBBER.
London, Nov. 15.

London smoke sheet standard ribbed per lb	Closed

London Money Market

LONDON, Nov. 15.

The money market was generally comfortable throughout the week. Treasury allotment, though small, satisfied demand with day-to-day money available three quarters all-week. Treasury bill applications for the next week totalled 163 million and market received 27 per cent of its applications at an average rate of 19 shillings 11 decimal 99 pence per cent. Banks have been asked to provide 50 million against treasury deposit receipts next week.

Wall Street opened dull, narrowly, irregular.—Reuter.

INDIAN COTTON CROP OUTLOOK

Prospective Carryover To Increase

Mr. Manilal H. Patel of Messrs. Patel and Co. has prepared the following figures of the Indian Cotton crop and the offtakes:—

Th following estimate of Indian Cotton crop for the year 1941-42 will be of great interest to all engaged in Cotton trade. The total crop is estimated at 59,35,000 bales compared with commercial crop of about 65,75,000 bales for the year 1940-41 (Pressing 60,69,133 bales and loose cotton consumed by mills 5,13,051 bales). At the end of August 1941 the unsold stock of Indian Cotton Excluding Mills is estimated at 16,50,000 bales which makes available supply of 75,85,000 bales. On the distribution side it can safely be said that consumption by Indian Mills may be 42,50,000 and export (With Japan Completely eliminated) may reach 9,00,000 bales looking to the shipping position as to-day, thus total off take may be estimated at 51,50000 as compared with off take of about 55 lacs (Consumption by Indian Mills 35,80,210 bales and Export of about 19 lacs of bales) last year, leaving a possible surplus of 7,85,000 to be added to opening balance of 16,50,000 making total carry over of 24,35,000 at the end of this Cotton season, mostly composed of cotton that mills in India are not interested in.

A mention must be made here of Oomra position which is a common talk of the cotton market to-day. Out of the total Oomra crop of 17,25,000 bales only three sorts viz. Berar, C.P. I and C.P. 2 are tenderable, which amount to total of 6,55,000 bales of which Zerillas and other staple styles are likely to be 2,75,000 bales leaving a balance of 3,80,000 bales of tenderable cotton against Oomra contract. It will not be unreasonable to estimate upcountry Mill's direct off take of these styles of at least 1,30,000 bales.

The estimate is as under:

PRELIMINARY ESTIMATE.

INDIAN CROP 1941-42

BENGALIS	
U. P.	1,25,000
Sindh	1,10,000
Rajputana	65,000
Punjab	7,75,000
Total	10,75,000

Oomras	Ordinary	Staples.	Total.
Berar	2,50,000	1,75,000	4,25,000
C. P. I & 2	1,30,000	1,00,000	2,30,000
C. India	2,00,000	2,00,000	4,00,000
Moghlais	2,25,000	75,000	3,00,000
Khandesh	1,25,000	1,25,000	2,50000
Baramati	15,000	15,000	30,000
Mathias	60,000	—	60,000
Mungari	30,000	—	30,000
Total	10,35,000	6,90,000	17,25,000

OTHER SORTS	
Broach	3,10,000
Surat/Navsari	1,20,000
Dholleras	1,90,000
Sind 4F	60,000
P/A 4F	7,50,000
Sind Staples	3,75,000
P/A Staples	3,90,000
Sangli Miraj	40,000
Compta	1,80,000
Northern	50,000
Western	1,75,000
Red Coco	30,000
Timy Karangani	1,25,000
Cambodia	2,30,000
Comilla's, etc.	60,000
Rest	50,000
Total	31,35,000

Bengals	10,75,000
Oomras	17,25,000
Other Sorts	31,35,000
Grand Total	59 35,000

LIKELY DISTRIBUTION.

Indian Mills	42,50,000
Great Britain	4,00,000
Australia	1,00,000
China	3,00,000
U. S. A.	2,00,000
Total	51,50,000

Big Problem To Find Home For Indian Cotton Crop

Bombay: Nov. 13.

Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co. have issued the following report:—

We have had another week of quiet markets in New York with little fluctuation. Trading seems to have been on a small scale and even the publication of the Bureau last Saturday brought no excitement, as the crop estimate was about in line with general expectation. This report estimated the crop at 11,050,000 bales indicating a yield of 233.3 lbs. per acre. The Ginning report issued the same day gave a figure of 7,964,000 bales. Meantime consumption in America continues on a heavy scale whilst the small exports are going on at about the expected rate. The fear of ceilings for manufactured goods prevents any bullish enthusiasm whilst the Loan prevents any decline. The market looks like keeping on a more or less even keel in the near future with a probable improvement in price later in the season when most of this year's crop has been marketed. In any case movements in New York have little influence on the Bombay market at the present time.

In Bombay the market has been steady. There has been a moderate demand from Indian Mills in a market which is now denuded of good quality old crop cotton. The movement of the new crop is as yet slow so that there is not yet any weight of hedge selling. Our Futures market has been narrow and easily affected either way. This week there has been considerable short covering which found the market short of contracts and this accounts for the advance which has taken place. We look upon present conditions in Bombay as of purely a temporary nature as in a few weeks' time when the crop moves more freely hedge selling will fill up the present contract shortage. There will soon be pressure on the Oomra contract when we look for the disappearance of the present premium now quoted for the near position. Pressure on Oomra should also be reflected in the Broach contract. Ideas of the size of the coming Indian crop are now crystallising and we think this is a good opportunity to examine the statistical position of the Indian market as we see it. A year ago India commenced the season with about an average carryover and so far as we can gather the commercial crop amounted to about 6,500,000 bales. Out of this exports amounted to 35 lacs out 21 lacs whilst Indian mill consumption of our own cotton is given as 3,580,000 bales or a total offtake of 5,680,000 bales so that during the season we added to our carryover 9 lacs of bales. Admittedly nearly all this increase was in that portion of the crop which is largely unwanted by local consumers, but this is cotton which is on the market and has an influence on values generally. Present ideas of the coming crop are that it will be about 57 lacs or about the same as the offtake of last season. With the Far-East now practically cut off as a buyer it is doubtful if exports will amount to 8 lacs of bales as against last year's figure of 21 lacs and we have difficulty in believing that Indian mill consumption will exceed 42 lacs. We look, therefore, for a further addition to our carryover of about 7 lacs of bales. With such a prospect ahead it is difficult to be bullish for our hedge contracts and caution in following the recent advance is highly desirable. The position of premium cotton is somewhat different to local consumption will take care of all our staple varieties for which we look for advancing premia, but this we believe will come about more by an easing of the hedge contract than by an advance in the actual price of the staple cotton for if the latter should happen these prices would run up against competition with imported foreign cottons.

The big problem this coming season will be to find a home for that portion of our crop which normally is exported. We refer chiefly to Oomra cotton which is our largest individual crop. The crop estimate here has recently been reduced but even so there will be more than enough to go round. We had great hopes that this position would have been somewhat relieved by the large expansion in the growth of the new seed Jerilla but we regret to notice that much of this cotton is being mixed with the Deshi variety and the cotton as now marketed has ceased to have attraction for spinners as was the case a year ago. We hope Government and trade bodies will take prompt action to have this ill-advised malpractice of mixing stopped without any delay, otherwise the good efforts of the Agriculture Department will have been in vain as was the case several years ago with the production of the Verum cotton in the same areas.

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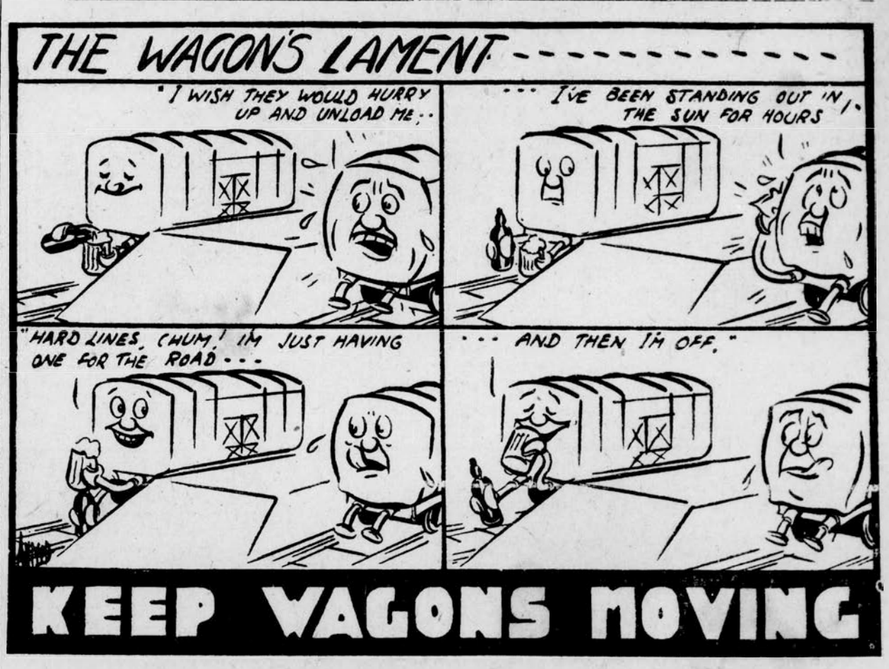
THE WAGON'S LAMENT
"I WISH THEY WOULD HURRY UP AND UNLOAD ME..
... I'VE BEEN STANDING OUT IN THE SUN FOR HOURS
"HARD LINES, CHUM! I'M JUST HAVING ONE FOR THE ROAD...
... AND THEN I'M OFF."
KEEP WAGONS MOVING

BOMBAY WAR GIFTS FUND

Amount previously acknowledged: Rs. 72,25,819/9/7.

For the R.A.F.: Rs. 1,566/8/6 net proceeds of the Supper Dance held by the Western India Football Association, Ltd., at the Taj Mahal Hotel on the 4th November 1941. Rs. 427/8 the staff of Messrs. Ralli Brothers, Ltd. (monthly). Rs. 341/5/1 the members of the staff of the "Times of India" (monthly).

For Armoured Carriers for the Indian Army: Rs. 341/5/2 the members of the staff of the "Times of India" (monthly). Rs. 300 "Alert" (from June to November).

Including other sums grand total on Saturday: Rs. 72,28,525/9/10.

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THE INDUSTRIAL & AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING CO.
43, Forbes Street, BOMBAY 1.

Monday, November 17, 1941

Regd. No. B 1065 Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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INDIAN RAILWAYS' SACRIFICES FOR WAR

Over 10,000 Vehicles And 200 Locomotives Surrendered For Nation's Far-Flung Lines Of Defence, Says Clow

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15.

The annual session of the Indian Railway Conference Association was opened this morning by Mr. Duncan, Agent of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway, who is the president this year. To-day's session was attended by Sir Andrew Clow, the Communications member, Mr. S. N. Roy Secretary, Communication Department, the Chief Commissioner, the members and several directors of the railways, managers and officers of all railways in India attended as delegates.

Mr. Duncan, welcoming the delegates and guests said, the Indian Railways had suffered a serious loss in the absence from India of Mr. Staig, who had proceeded to the Middle East, and referred to the deaths of the various officials of the Railways during the year, and also expressed felicitations to the recipients of honours this year.

Proceeding, he said:

"In his address to this conference last year Sir Andrew Clow at the end of an admirable summary of the activities of the Railways in connection with the war, said "In the meantime, I am confident that the Railways will meet the altering conditions with energy and courage, and that if further sacrifices are demanded they will be made."

"I trust that his experience during the past year has proved to Sir Andrew that his confidence was not misplaced."

Clow On Railways' Sacrifices

Sir Andrew Clow in course of his speech said:—

"Speaking here a year ago, I said that on the railways the repercussions of the war had not as yet been grave. That is not the position to-day. In many directions the railways have had to make big sacrifices, and with reduced resources have to meet exceptional demands. Three large workshops have been handed over for war supplies and a considerable amount of the capacity in others is turned over to meeting the demands of the armed forces, over 13,000 men in railway workshops are working on munitions, and thousands of others are training for workshops or railway military units. Railway track has to be sent overseas or taken to meet defence demands within India. The lines we have been compelled to lift represent only a fraction of this total rails set free by relaying and reserves of rails have also had to be given. Railway equipment and stores are being surrendered for India's far flung lines of defence, these include so far about 200 locomotives and over 10,000 other vehicles, with various ancillary equipment.

DEMANDS CURTAILED.

We have had to reduce to a minimum our demands of steel for new rails, new rolling stock and new structures; so that we have to meet the heavy traffic now offering with equipment limited by the retrenchment of the pre-war period, reduced further by the demands for defence and with the possibility of replacement gravely restricted.

In the matter of staff there is a very similar position, for with reduced numbers of experienced men, you have to meet both greater demands from the public and new tasks directly related to the war. Over 200 officers have been released for service with the Defence and Supply Departments, and you have undertaken the task of recruiting and training men in large numbers for Railway Military units. At the same time the traffic demands have risen sharply. This represents in part direct requirements for defence; for example, in 12 months it has been necessary to provide 2,000 special trains for the army and their prisoners. It also reflects the rapidly increasing volume of supplies, and on top of these, there are the demands arising out of the increasing industrialisation on the civil side the increasing prosperity of the masses, and the restrictions on transport by sea and road.

HERCULEAN TASK.

All this is a herculean task and it is not as if railway officers could concentrate entirely on the big things and be relieved in wartime of the detailed administration that fills so much of their day in peace."

Concluding Sir Andrew Clow said, "We are privileged in living in one of the great periods of history. We have opportunities of service which far exceed our youthful dreams. We have been called to engage in a more decisive struggle than the world has known for the liberty and progress not merely of our fellows but of generations to come. In this achievement and in the strife itself we have a reward worthy of greatest efforts and of our most poignant sacrifices."—A. P.

HAS BOSE GONE FASCIST?

Kingsley Martin Wants Better Evidence

(From Our Correspondent.)

LONDON, Nov. 16.

The official statement that Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose has turned fascist and escaped to Axis territory "surprises me, and I shall look for confirmation," says Mr. Kingsley Martin writing in the 'London Diary' column of the 'New Statesman and Nation', the first weekly to take note of the statement made in the Central Assembly on Mr. Bose

Mr. Martin adds: "My own impression of him was of a romantic and erratic but patently disinterested man. We have seen several kind of quislings, and I know that a distorted idealist is of the most tragic type; but I shall need better evidence before I believe the story that Mr. Bose has gone fascist."

Mr. Martin is one of the staunchest supporters of the Indian cause and is working at present for the release of political prisoners.

Deadlock In Captive Mines Dispute

Truce Expires: Hope For Last Minute Settlement

WASHINGTON, Nov. 15.

"No agreement has been reached in the captive mines dispute. The truce expires at midnight tonight", stated Mr. John L. Lewis after a three hours conference between the representatives of the United Mine Workers Union of which he is the chief and the Steel Companies.

Meanwhile, at Birmingham (Alabama) the United Mine Workers have ordered its 8,000 captive miners in Alabama to cease work at midnight unless an agreement is reached at Washington.—Reuter.

Speculation In Capital

Speculation arose in the capital this afternoon whether Government is preparing to send troops to take over captive mines provided there is no settlement by Monday morning, as President Roosevelt has conferred with the War Secretary Mr. Stimson and other officials following the conference.

Although midnight to-night is the hour of expiration of the working truce in the mines the actual 'zero hour' appears to be Monday morning since the miners don't work on Sunday.

This left the possibility that a last minute settlement might be achieved as the result of the conference between the steel companies' executives and officials of the United Mine Workers Union and the Committee for Industrial Organisation which has been called for 16-00 G.M.T. on Sunday.—Reuter.

BRITISH SUPPLIES TO TURKEY

ANKARA, November 15.

Britain is to supply Turkey with a total of 70,000 tons of wheat — 20,000 more than the amount originally envisaged.

This was stated by Lord Carlisle, representative of the United Kingdom Commercial Corporation in Ankara, on his return here from Cairo where he explained Turkish requirements to the Middle East Supply Conference.

Of this total 20,000 tons have already been delivered in British ships to the Turkish port of Mersine. The question of supplying barley to Turkey is also to be considered. While in Cairo, Lord Carlisle had three interviews with Capt. Oliver Lyttleton, Minister of State, who said that he would do all in his power to help meet Turkey's requirements.—Reuter.

Gen. Huntziger's Successor?

LONDON, Nov. 16.

Divisional General Alphonse Juin, arrived in Vichy on Saturday afternoon on the invitation of the French Government, states a Vichy despatch quoted by the German Radio.

Political quarters believe that he has been selected as the successor to General Huntziger.

General Juin, one of the youngest French generals—he is only 53—commanded the fifteenth motorised infantry division before the collapse of France and at one time worked on the General Staff of Marshal Lyautey in Morocco.—Reuter.

A. R. P. GOES TO NEW YORK!

110,000 Enrol As Volunteer Wardens

NEW YORK, November 16.

New York City practised air raid drill on Saturday with wailing sirens and smoking flares to indicate that the Union Square was being hypothetically bombed.

Wardens and auxiliary firemen extinguished fires and rushed thousands of persons to shelters while Red Cross workers removed the "injured" on stretchers.

The police and fire department emergency squad with repair crews raced to the scene and 'repaired damaged wires." Thousands of people from Bronx, Queens, Brooklyn and Richmond Districts mingled with New Yorkers and watched the wardens and Auxiliaries perform.

Police Commissioner Valentine has announced that 110 thousand people have enrolled as volunteer wardens. Fire Commissioner Walsh says 14,000 people have enrolled as auxiliary firemen.—Reuter.

FASCISM MUST BE ANNIHILATED

Prof. Bannerji's Appeal To Students: "Democratise War Effort"

NEW DELHI, Nov. 15.

The All-India Anti-Fascist Students' Conference, which met here this evening under the presidentship of Professor B. N. Bannerji, Calcutta University, was attended by delegates from various provinces.

Messages of sympathy and success were read out among others from Dr. C. R. Reddy, Sir Homi Mehta, Sir Henry Gidney, Mr. Arthur Moore and Mr. Mohammad Yunus.

Prof. Bannerji in his presidential address declared that the task before them was the annihilation of fascist forces and establishment of an order of things in which youth had conquered once for all hunger, ignorance, war and inequality. It was essential, he said, for them to carry on a campaign to give the fullest information regarding the horrors of Nazism and the implications of a Nazi victory to make public opinion avowedly anti-Fascist. He emphasised the need to democratise war effort in India to make the people feel that it was a people's war.

Mr. M. N. Roy, who spoke next, referred to the necessity of fighting Fascism in India and said that this was the most important part of their task. To carry this fight successfully they must have before them a picture of freedom worth fighting for.

The conference adjourned till to-morrow when resolutions will be taken up.—A. P.

Viceroy To Visit Patna

(From Our Correspondent)

PATNA, Nov. 15.

Much importance is being attached here to the Viceroy's expected visit to Patna by the middle of December It is said the Bengal Governor may also be here by that date.

Bihar Governor, it is further said, visited Patna High Court today in the same connection.

Risk Of India Being Attacked In 1942

Punjab Governor's Warning

LAHORE, Nov. 15.

A warning that India may be actually attacked and bombed in 1942 was uttered by H.E. Sir Bertrand Glancy, Governor of the Punjab, in replying to addresses presented to him by the Rawalpindi District Board, the District War Committee and the District Soldiers Board at Rawalpindi on Friday.

"This thought may be disturbing you," said His Excellency, "but I offer no apology for disturbing you. It is only if we wake up and put self-preservation first that we can hope to be ready for what may come to us. To face the disagreeable possibilities does not mean panic or loss of nerve. India can 'take it' as London has taken it but we must be ready to face the facts.

Reminding his listeners of the necessity to redouble their war efforts His Excellency said that India was a main base for armies that were defending the future of civilisation. She must by a supreme effort supply tens of thousands of men, crores of rupees of capital and immense amounts of stores and military equipment. At the same time she must complete arrangements for her defence, including A.R.P., fire-fighting and medical aid.

Alluding to the course of the war, His Excellency said for India it was providential indeed that the line of defence should have been prepared in Syria, Iraq and Iran and that the treacherous forerunners of Germany's invading hordes should have been eliminated from these countries and from our neighbouring state of Afghanistan. The great Islamic country of Turkey, added the Governor, was now in obvious danger as the Russian armies retreat, but her spirit was proud and strong and she was assured of active support should she be driven to resist aggression by force of arms.

GRANT DEOLI DETENUS' DEMANDS

Satyamurti Asks For Urgent Action

MADRAS, Nov. 16.

A plea that the Government should meet immediately the "reasonable demands" of the Security prisoners in Deoli and bring an end to their hunger-strike is made by Mr. S. Satyamurthi, M.L.A. (Central) in a statement to the press.

He says: "Surely in these days of telegraph and telephone it ought to be possible for even the slowest of Provincial Governments to be consulted within 24 hours from Delhi.

"Surely no Provincial Government can decently refuse to give the same treatment to these prisoners on their return to their Provinces as they are receiving in Deoli. The Punjab Premier has a special responsibility in this matter. Some among the detenus today may be successors to the Cabinet in the Punjab. He should set an example to other Provincial Governments.

"The Government of India must lose no time. I hope they will announce in the Assembly tomorrow or the day after that the hunger-strike has ended."—A.P.

ALLAMA MASHRIQI

Why He Has Observed Modified Fast Since October 16

Stigmatising Subhas Bose?

Bengal Forward Bloc Leader Accuses Govt.

CALCUTTA, Nov. 14.

"The Government of India have failed in the elementary duty of vouching for the safety of one of the foremost citizens of India. Instead, they have found 'rumour' a worthy auxiliary of the Intelligence Department", says Mr. Hemantakumar Bose, Acting Secretary of the Bengal Provincial 'Forward Bloc', in a statement to the Press on the utterances of the Home Secretary regarding Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose in the Council of State on November 10.

"We should have nothing to complain", adds Mr. Bose, "had they simply pleaded incompetence. But the manner in which the Home Secretary has chosen to cater rumours leaves no doubt as to their origin. In his reply, the Home Secretary's transition from the doubtful to the obvious is grotesquely sudden. The Home Secretary began with trenching on the close preserve of the irresponsible anti-socials, i.e., those who give currency to wild rumours, but suddenly he assumed an air of definiteness and hazard some statements to stigmatise Mr. Subhas Bose."

Mr. Hemanta Bose concluding says: Mr. Subhas Bose has one burning passion in his life—the Liberation of India from Foreign Yoke. He has no love for any brand of domination—British, German, French, Italian, American or otherwise.—A. P.

Sinkiang Gets Ready

PESHAWAR, No. 15.

Sinkiang reports indicate greater attention by Government to military training. Courses for cadets, it is stated, are being modernised.

This improvement in training of Sinkiang's fighting forces coincides with vigorous anti-Japanese demonstration in that remote part of the world.—A.P.

GOPINATH'S ART

TRIVANDRUM, Nov. 16.

Trivandrum had some distinguished visitors during the week-end namely Dowager Maharani and Princesses of Sonepur in Orissa State. A dance performance was arranged in honour of their visit when Gopinath, palace dancer, and his party gave an exhibition of Kerala Art. The Dowager Maharani presented two medals, one to Gopinath and the other to Kumari Lakshmi.—A.P

MADRAS, Nov. 14.

A number of huts on the Spur Tank, Egmore, occupied by the Corporation scavengers were flooded in last night's rain and about 80 families have been rendered homeless.

Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya who had been in Vellore Jail for eight months, asked by a press correspondent if he was allowed to meet Allama Mashriqi, said: "Yes, we spent in the jail 8 months together."

There is a report that he was on hunger-strike for some time, is that correct?—It is correct in a sense. He is not exactly on hunger-strike, but he was on a kind of modified fast. He was taking three oranges in the morning and two in the night and one pomegranate, if available. He began it on the 16th of October and continued it till the 1st November and would continue it indefinitely later. It is a kind of potential fast, though he wants to continue it to death.

Why has he undertaken this fast? —You see, it is a long history. He was arrested in March, 1940, after the Lahore trouble. He was taken to Vellore Jail on the 28th March, 1940. Subsequently there were some negotiations between the Punjab Government and himself for his release. They were not successful and his grievance is that he was not well treated. In June, 1940, some police officers visited him with a view to take evidence for prosecution. This did not materialise. Nothing happened for a long time. After that his money in banks, estimated between 3 and 4 lakhs was attached. On the 22nd June, 1941, he wrote a letter to the Government of India, stating that his case must be settled presenting 4 alternatives, by the acceptance of one or the other they have to prove a change of heart in them. He claimed that his movement was only a movement of social service enjoined both by Bhagwat Gita and the Holy Quran and quoted 11 texts in support of it. He defines religion as goodness in action and alleged that the British Government in India have prevented the practice of such religion. He complained about the loss of his second son who was tear-gased and the imprisonment of his first son. He asked for the release of all his monies from attachment. Finally, he stated that if the answer was not satisfactory, he would be obliged to fast unto death as from the 22nd of July. He began the fast on the 22nd July but as he did not receive the reply, the nature of which should determine the fast, he was persuaded to give it up. He got the Government of India's reply dated September 12 on October 16, in which they denied the authority of the religious texts quoted by him, explained how his second son was tear-gased no doubt, but really died from typhoid a month and a half afterwards. His first son was arrested on suspicion but was released afterwards and all his monies were free from attachment and he can use them as he likes, but they did not agree to any of the four courses indicated by him for the continuation of the movement and his release. As he did not get his release or the release of his co-agitators and as the Government of India's reply was otherwise considered unsatisfactory, he started his fast on 16th October. He had lost 12 pounds by the time I left.

Is he allowed interview with outsiders?—He is not allowed any interview with anybody and the application for interview by his wife and son was rejected.

Is he treated as an 'A' Class prisoner?—He is treated as an ordinary detenu having a big room for himself and two servants. He is allowed to sleep in the open air and is allowed to spend Rs 40 from his funds over himself. He is not receiving any allowance from the Government as a Khaksar.

Is he allowed to meet other prisoners in the jail?—He was freely mixing with us and the other detenus.

MAISKY THANKS RED CROSS FOR AID TO RUSSIA

LONDON, Nov. 14.

"My countrymen are carrying on the struggle in the full determination that they will not cease the fight until our common enemy is utterly defeated", said the Soviet Ambassador M Maisky in a message of thanks to the Red Cross and Saint John War Organisation for aid for Russia "Victory must be won and will be won", he added.—Reuter.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE AND THE FLYING SQUAD

WHILE THE FOREIGN AGENTS WORK ON THE VAULT. . . .
HOTCHKISS LEADS WADE AND DONAVAN IN THRU ANOTHER ENTRANCE. . .
WE'RE INSIDE THE VAULT NOW. . .
I CAN HEAR THEM WORKING. . . .
THEY'VE CUT THRU THE DOOR/ TURN OUT THIS LIGHT, DON/ WE'RE GOING TO BE READY FOR THEM WHEN THEY COME IN/
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